HANDBOOK OF JAMAICA

FOR

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Published by Authority,

COMPRISING

storical, Biatistical and Beneral Luturmation concerning the island.

THIRTEENTH YEAR OF PUBLICATION.



COMPILED FROM OFFICIAL AND OTHER RELIABLE RECORDS,

BY

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AND

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PREFACE TO THE EDITION OF 1893.

In the present issue of the Handbook an attempt has been made to rearrange the subjects and it is hoped the improved table of Contents will add to the convenience of those who desire to refer to its pages for information.

No effort has been spared to afford reliable as well as the most recent available information with regard to Public Statistics and Accounts as well as on other subjects, and the Editors take this opportunity of thanking the Secretaries and Officials of the various Societies and other institutions, and the Members of the Public Service, who have rendered them material assistance in their endeavour to do so.

The recent Article by His Excellency Sir Henry A. Blake, in the North American Review has been reprinted in the hope that it may be of interest to any persons who may think of making their home in Jamaica.

In a work of this kind, compiled as it is from many and various sources, errors will creep in and omissions are inevitable. The Editors will, therefore, be greatly obliged if readers of the Handbook will call attention to any detected mistakes, and they will gladly receive any suggestions for increasing the usefulness of the work and for rendering it more accurate and reliable.

KINGSTON,

1st February, 18)3.

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ESTABLISHMENT OF CUSTOMS, EXCISE AND INTERNAL REVENUE DEPARTMENT, continued.

Office.	Name of Holder.		her		Date of First Appointment to Public Service.	
		£	s.	d.		
Manchester.	Section 2	1	-	100	San annual	
Second Class Collector of Taxes .	R. C. J. Baquie .	400		0	Oct., 1867	
	House allowance .	50		0	1000 1000 1000 H	
First Class Assistant Collector	G. C. Hutchings	250		0	April, 1855	
of Taxes Third Class Assistant Collector .	Travelling allowance	75 150		0	Tem 1070	
First Class Clerk	C. A. Pasmore J. E. Sherlock	124		0	Jan., 1873	
Second Class Clerk	TT TA T	85		Ö	Aug., 1879 Feb., 1891	
Second Class Clerk	H. F. Isaacs	00			F 604 1001	
Clarendon.					Name and Address of the Owner, when the Owner, which the Owner, whi	
Third Class Collector of Taxes .	R. R. S. Spalding .	300	- 0	0	July, 1868	
Second Class Assistant Collector .	R. N. Berwick .	200	0	0	Aug., 1868	
	Travelling allowance	75		0		
Second Class Assistant Collector.	L. J. Lee	200		0	July, 1878	
	Travelling allowance	50		0	-	
Third Class Assistant Collector	E. P. Mudie	150		0	June, 1881	
	Travelling allowance	50		0		
mi a cut a cut at	Harbour Master .	20	~	0	T.1. 1000	
First Class Clerk	P. J. Browne	100		- 307	July., 1883	
Ditto Second Class Clerk	J. P. K. King J. L. Windett	90		0	April, 1880 Feb., 1890	
Second Class Clerk .	J. L. Windett .	90	U	0	reb., 1890	
St. Catherine.		1				
Second Class Collector of Taxes .	W. Cork	400	0	0	Aug., 1868	
	House allowance .	50				
First Class Assistant Collector ?	E. C. Baines	250	0	0	Oct., 1870	
of Taxes	Travelling allowance	75	0	0	NO MARKET	
Third Class Assistant Collector	C. S. Foote .	150		0	May, 1873	
of Taxes	Travelling allowance	50		0	W. N. Control of the	
Third Class Assistant Collector, &c.		150		0	April, 1878	
First Class Clerk .	W. J. Henderson .	136		0	Sep., 1879	
Second Class Clerk .	E. L. Minot	80		0	Sept., '92	
Second Class Locker and Gauger .	W. M. Lewin	100		0	May, 1885	
Second Class Clerk	E. Millingen .	85		0	Feb., 1891	
Second Class Assistant Collector.	J. Smythe .	200	0	0	Aug., 1874	
St. Andrew,		1- 12				
Third Class Collector of Taxes .	L. A. Rattigan .	300	0	0	Oct., 1870	
	Travelling allowance	60		0	The state of the s	
First Class Clerk .	D. Bailey	140	0	0	Feb., 1873	
Second Class Clerk .	J. J. Elliott .	85	0	0	Feb., 1891	

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

1.—POSTAL.

It is difficult to say what were the postal facilities which existed in this island prior to the establishment by the Imperial Government of Post Offices and Postal Agencies in its colonial possessions and in certain foreign countries in the year 1711, for there are not any records in the Post Office Department from which such information may be gathered. Reference, however, to the Journals of the Assembly shews that on the 17th March, 1706, it was ordered by the House of Assembly "that Richard Banks, Francis March, and Thomas Finch, Esquires, be appointed a Committee to prepare and bring in a bill for the erection of an office for the receipt and safe conveyance of letters." This would appear to have been the first step taken towards providing an organized Post Office in this island. We have failed to trace in the Journals of the House what action was taken by the Committee as the report does not appear in the records.

A Post Office, however, seems to have sprung into existence between 1706 and 1776, for on the 24th of October of the latter year we find a Committee being appointed "to enquire into the state of the Post Office of the island," and such Committee reporting on the 17th December, 1777. The report of this Committee is remarkable for its brevity; it merely states that "the County of Cornwall cannot answer by

return packet."

Again on the 14th April, 1749, we find John McCulloch being summoned to appear at the bar of the House to explain under what authority he exercised the duties of a Postmaster and collected postages, and stating that he did so under warrant from Elliott Benger, Her Majesty's Deputy Postmaster-General of the North American and British West India Possessions. The rate of postage then was "sixpence for each letter not exceeding 100 miles, and one shilling sterling for any letter above that, and so in proportion for a double and treble letter."

There are several other instances of persons being summoned before the Assembly to shew cause why they exercised the functions of Postmasters, and it is curious to remark that each such summons was accompanied by an order to produce, at the same

time, all letters addressed to members of the Assembly.

In one instance the widow of John McCulloch was so cited to appear and to explain the cause of delay in the conveyance of certain packet letters, when she stated that she was entitled to discharge the duties of Postmistress under the warrant held by her late husband; that she had farmed the office to another party; and that the mails were conveyed by mules or slaves as most convenient. The practice of farming the revenues of the Post Office, which existed in England until nearly the end of the eighteenth century, would therefore appear to have existed also in this island.

On the 17th of December, 1814, a report was made to the Assembly by a Committee which had been appointed to enquire into the state of the Post Office. Such report stated that the Post Office was established under the authority of the British Statutes 9 Anne, c. 10, 5 Geo. III., c. 25, and that the rates of postage, island as well as packet, were fixed by the latter in 1765, being 11d. single, 1/10 double, 2/6 treble, and 3/4 per ounce for inland letters; and for the conveyance of packet letters the following additional rate, viz., 1/3 single, 2/6 double, 3/9 treble, and 5/ per ounce, so that for a packet letter weighing one ounce the sum of 8/4 was charged. Correspondence with

the mother country was then a very expensive luxury.

The same Committee goes on to report, "that a surcharge of 10 per cent. not warranted by law, is generally made on packet letters delivered in Kingston and of 71d. for letters sent to the General Post Office for merchant ships or for men-of-war, which sums appear to be claimed as perquisites by the Clerks in the Kingston Post Office. That the compensation allowed to Deputies is 10 per cent, on postage collected and 10 per cent. on newspapers delivered, the latter a perquisite from the Postmaster-General." At this time the office of Postmaster was held by John Milbourne March at a salary of £400 per annum. Between the years 1815 and 1820 the revenue of the Post Office is stated to have averaged £10,450, and the expenditure for salaries, &c., £7,244.

Such is, as far as can be ascertained, briefly the early history of the Post Office in

Jamaica, which continued to be a branch of the Imperial Post Office until the year

1860, when it was transferred to local rule.

The transfer was first mooted in 1847 and revived in 1855, but decisive action was not taken until the year 1859, when Her Majesty's Postmaster-General in a letter which formed an euclosure to a despatch from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, stated "that the time had arrived for the Postmaster-General to abandon a control which he could not efficiently exercise over posts so distantly situated, and that the management of the Post Office would therefore be transferred from the hands of the Postmaster-General to those of the Colonial Government on and from the 1st April next." The above decision was arrived at after an Officer of the Imperial Post Office Department, Mr. Anthony Trollope, had visited the island in 1858 and reported on the subject.

The proposal to transfer the Post Office to the Colonial Government was never at any time favourably received by either of the Legislative Bodies, i.e., the Legislative Council and the House of Assembly, and to this disinclination to assume its control. may be attributed the delay which took place between the date of the proposal to

transfer the office and the date of the assumption of the office by the colony. The question was debated in both Houses time after time, with much warmth of feeling, and it is very interesting now to read the arguments adduced on both sides.

On the 15th December, 1859, the House of Assembly adopted the report of a Committee to the effect "that the Island Post Office having been hitherto satisfactorily conducted under the control of the Postmaster-General of England, it is not advisable that the management should now be assumed by the Local Authorities; and further, that in the present financial condition of the island it could ill afford the additional burthen of a loss on the Department;" and it was recommended that the Postmaster-General be requested to continue the control of the Post Office.

This determination was based on a statement which was prepared by the Accountant-General of the General Post Office, London, shewing that the revenue of the Jamaica Post Office for the year ended 30th June, 1858, was £9,595 17s. 6d., while the expenditure amounted to £9,898 19s. 1d., leaving a deficit of £303 1s. 7d. From this it would appear that the Department was not at the time self-supporting.

The result of the reference of the question back to the Secretary of State was that the Governor was informed that it was not optional on the part of the Colonial Government to take over the administration of the Local Post Office, and that if the necessary arrangements were not complete at latest by the 1st June, 1860, the action of the Imperial Government in carrying on the colonial posts would finally cease. Sir Charles Darling thereupon summoned a special session of the Legislature to whom he communicated the decision referred to. The Legislative Council at once expressed its readiness to give its best consideration to the proposed Act to enable the Local Government to assume the conduct of the Department, but the passage of the bill was delayed in the House of Assembly in consequence of a certain portion of the Governor's speech at the opening of the session having been considered a breach of the privileges of the House. On the 3rd April, 1860, the Assembly however passed the bill, which also passed through all its stages in the Legislative Council on the following day, but as the Assembly had so amended the bill as to constitute the Governor one of the Commissioners to conduct the Post Office, the Executive Committee being the Commissioners named in the draft, Sir Charles Darling expressed his inability " to concur in an arrangement which converted Her Majesty's Representative into a Commissioner for the immediate management of a Department of his Government" and prorogued the Chambers to the 5th April. On that day the matter was again forcibly brought under the notice of the Assembly and on the 13th April the bill was finally passed and assented to by the Governor, in the form suggested by the Executive. Sir Charles Darling in proroguing the Legislature stated "that the country would no doubt be glad to learn that it was at length determined that internal communication by post should not be suspended."

The date fixed for the transfer of the Post Office was, as already shewn, the 1st June, 1860, at latest; but on the representation of the Governor the time was extended, and it was not until the 1st August, 1860, that the control of the Post Office was as-

sumed by the colony.

Up to the date of the transfer the office of Deputy Postmaster-General was held by Mr. O'Connor Morris at a salary of £1,000 per annum, but on the reduction of the salary, under the new arrangement, to £600 per annum Mr. Morris resigned and Mr. Alexander J. Brymer, who was the Chief Clerk, was appointed Postmaster for Jamaica, which office he continued to hold until he resigned and was succeeded by Mr. William Kemble. Mr. Kemble continued in office until 1st May, 1870, on which date he retired on a pension, Mr. Frederick Sullivan, Chief Clerk, being appointed to the office.

The following is a brief epitome of the principal improvements and changes which have been effected in the service of the Jamaica Post Office since its management

has been assumed by the Colony :-

November, 1863.—Money Order System with the United Kingdom: Money Order Exchanges now exist with the other Colonies, the United States of America and the Dominion of Canada. 1st January, 1872.—Compulsory prepayment of Inland Postage and House Delivery by Letter Carriers in Kingston: prior to this date a partial delivery only existed. 1st April, 1877.—Entrance of the Colony into

the Universal Postal Union under the auspices of the Mother Country, the result being a gradual reduction of the Foreign Letter rate of postage from one shilling per half ounce to two-pence halfpenny per half ounce; a corresponding reduction being also made in other classes of mail matter. Inland and Foreign Post Cards were issued on the same date and Reply Post Cards were introduced on the 16th June, 1883. On the 4th November 1878, the Mail Coach Service was established.*
During 1879 the American Private Letter Box System was established at the head 1st October, 1885.—Parcel Post Exchange with the United office, Kingston, Kingdom, since extended to the United States, the other Colonies and the Dominion of Canada: for regulations and rates of postage see pages 171-174. 12th Oct., 1887.—Postage and Revenue Stamp Law, 1887, sanctioning the unification of the Postage and Revenue Stamps came into force. 1st September, 1888.—Newspaper wrappers with embossed half-penny postage stamps issued. 1st April, 1890.—Introduction of Postal Order System: for regulations see pages 168-170 same date, 1st April, 1890, the pre-payment of Official Postages was authorized, and the Franking privilege discontinued In 1860, when the Colony took over the control of the Post Office, the Inland rate of postage on a letter not exceeding half an ounce in weight was 4d. if conveyed a distance not exceeding 60 miles; over 60 but not exceeding 100 miles 6d.; over 100 miles 8d. Since that time gradual and material reductions have been made and the Colony now enjoys the Penny Postage System which was introduced on the 1st January, 1890; for rates of Inland Postage see

Fuller details of the above changes and improvements will be found in chrono-

logical order in previous issues of the Handbook.

The following are the days of departure and arrival of the Royal Mail Steamers conveying mails, fortnightly, between Jamaica and the United Kingdom, via Barbados and Jacmel:—

To Jamaica.—Leave Southampton every alternate Wednesday at 6 p.m. Arrive Jamaica every alternate Friday at 8 a.m.

From Jamaica. Leave Jamaica every alternate Tuesday at 2 p.m. Arrive South-

ampton every alternate Wednesday at 9 p.m.

The return Packet Express Mails leave the Terminal Post Offices for Kingston every alternate Monday and are due in Kingston on the morning of Tuesday, the day of the departure of the Steamer.

The mails for Great Britain by the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's steamers

are made up at the General Post Office, Kingston, at the following hours :-

Registered letters and parcels, 9 a.m.; newspapers, 10 a.m.; ordinary letters, 11.30

Late letters may be posted at the General Post Office, on payment of a fee of threepence, up to 12.30 p.m. From that time until the steamer leaves the wharf a Post Office Clerk is stationed on board the steamer to receive late letters. The late fee

of sixpence in each case must be pre-paid by means of stamps.

There is not any Contract Mail Service between Jamaica and the United States of America, although they are frequent opportunities for the exchange of mails in Kingston and at the outports. The most frequent and regular opportunities in Kingston are by the Steamers of the Atlas Company which at present leave on each alternate Thursday at 9 a.m. The opportunities at the outports are by the Steamer of Messrs. J. E. Kerr & Co. of Montego Bay and of the Boston Fruit Company at Port Antonio.

Direct communication between Jamaica and Belize is maintained by means of the steamers of the Central American S. S. Company which arrive from New York and leave for Belize about every eighteenth day.

There is a monthly mail service between Jamaica, Halifax, Bermuda and Turks Islands, by means of the Steamers of Messrs. Pickford & Black which arrive here about the 25th of each month and leave three days after. The steamers are subsidized by the Government of the Dominion of Canada.

^{*} For lines of Coaches now in existence see Travelling in Jamaica.

POSTAL UNION.

The rates of postage to places in the Universal Postal Union are as under :-

	letter ounce,	For Pos	t Cards.	0	acket inted 's per ces.	For Commer-	For Pat-	Registra- tion Fee.
Countries.	For a	Single,	Reply paid.	For a N paper.	For a Pa of Prir Papers 2 ounc	cial Papers.	terns,	
United Kingdom and other Postal Union Countries*		14d.	3d,	Id. per 4 ozs.	1d.	2ld. for 4 ozs.; if exceeding 4 ozs., ld. per 2 ozs.	2 ozs.	4d.
United States of America; Canada and Hayti	2 ∤ d.	1d,	2d,	åd. per 2 ozs.	₫d.	2¼d. for 4 ozs.; if exceeding 4 ozs., ½d. per 2 ozs.	ld. per 2 ozs.; Mini- mum rate, ld.	4d.

Printed papers and Commercial papers may be sent to any country of the Postal Union under the Book Post regulation.

It is forbidden to send through the Post to a country of the Postal Union-

1st. Any letter or packet containing gold or silver bullion, pieces of money, jewelry or precious articles.

2nd. Any packet whatever containing articles liable to customs duty.

3rd. Any article of a nature likely to stain or injure the correspondence.

In addition to all kinds of printed, engraved or lithographed matter, legal and commercial documents and music in manuscript may be sent as a book-packet. Proofs of printing or of music may bear correction with a pen, and may have manuscript annexed to them. Circulars, &c., may bear the signature of the sender, his trade or profession, place of residence and a date. A book may have a dedication or complimentary inscription in manuscript; and printed and lithographed stock or share lists, prices-current, and market reports may have the prices added in writing.

Commercial papers and printed papers must be sent under band or in an open envelope, so as to admit of the contents being easily withdrawn for inspection, but if they present the form and consistency of an unfolded card they may be forwarded

without a cover.

No packet of Printed matter or Commercial papers for transmission to countries of the Postal Union must exceed 18 inches in any direction, unless it be in the form of a roll in which case the limits of size will be 30 inches in length and 4 inches in diameter; and no such packet for other places abroad must exceed two feet in length or one foot in width or depth; the extreme limit of weight is 4 lbs. for a single packet

for countries in the Postal Union and 5lbs for other countries.

Pattern and sample packets for places in the Postal Union must not exceed 1 foot in length, 8 inches in width, 4 inches in depth, unless it be in the form of a roll, in which case the limit of size will be 1 foot in length and 6 inches in diameter. The limit of weight is 8 ounces except when addressed to Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Congo Free State, Costa Rica, Egypt, France, Greece, Guatemala, Hawaii, Holland, Hungary, Italy, Liberia, Luxemburgh, Mexico, Portugal, Roumania, Salvador, Servia, Siam, Switzerland, Tunis and the United States of America, the limits of which are 1 foot in length, 8 inches in width, 4 inches in depth, and 12 ounces in weight.

The term "printed papers" has reference to newspaper and periodical works, books stitched or bound, pamphlets, sheets of music, visiting cards, address cards, proofs of printing, with or without the manuscript relating thereto, engravings, photographs, drawings, plans, maps, catalogues, prospectuses, announcements and notices of various kinds, whether printed, engraved or lithographed; and, in general, all impressions or

^{*} These are rates charged at present; but they are under consideration of the Imperial Post Office.

copies obtained upon paper, parchment, and cardboard, by means of printing, lithographing or any other mechanical process easy to be recognized, except the copying press, engraving or the type writer.

Stamps for pre-payment, whether obliterated or not, as well as all printed articles containing the representative sign of a monetary value are excluded from the reduced

postage applicable to "printed papers."

Patterns of merchandize can only be forwarded by the ordinary post under the following conditions :-

They must be placed in bags, boxes or open envelopes, in such a manner as to admit of easy inspection.

They must possess no saleable value, nor bear any manuscript beyond the name or social position of the sender, the address of the addressee, a manufacturer's or trade mark, number and prices.

Pattern of merchandize may also be forwarded by Parcel Post subject to the conditions stated hereafter.

LIST OF COUNTRIES, &C., COMPRISED IN THE UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION.

Argentine Republic, viz. :- Buenos Ayres, Santa Fe, Estre Rios, Corientes, Cordova La Rioja, Santiago del Estero, Tuenman, Catamarca, Salta and Jujiry, San Luis, Mendosa and San Juan and including Eastern part of Patagonia and Terra-del-Fuego.

Australia

Austro-Hungary, including Principality of Lichtenstein.

Belgium. Bolivia. Bosnia.

Brazil.

British Borneo. Bulgaria, Principality of.

Cameroons.

Canada, Dominion of, viz.: Ontario, Quebec. New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, British Co-lumbia, Manitoba, Vancouver's Island, Prince Edward Island and Cape Breton Island.

Chili, including Western parts of Patagonia and Terra-del-Fuego.

Colombia, Republicof; Barranquilla, Bogota, Buenaventura, Carthagena, Colon, Pana-ma, Porto Bello, Santa Martha, Savanilla. Congo, including Black Point, Majumba and

Nyanza.

Costa Rica. Cyprus.

Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands.

Danish Colonies of Greenland, St. Croix. St. John and St. Thomas.

Dominican Republic (San Domingo). Ecuador.

Egypt (including Nubia and Soudan).

France, including Algeria, Principality of Monaco and the French Post Offices established at Tunis, Tangier (Morocco), and at Shanghai (China), Cambodia, Annam and Tonquin.

French Colonies of Martinique, Guadeloupe and Dependencies. French Guiana (Cayenne), Senegal and Dependencies, All-gwey, Gaboon, Grand Bassam and Half-Jack, also Sette Cama and Assinee, Reu-nion, Comoro Islands, Mayotte and De-pendencies. French establishments in Medagascar, viz.: Ambosetra, Andevoyenne), Senegal and Dependencies, Ah-

vante, Fenerive, Fiaranantson, Foulpointe, Ivondro, Maevatanana, Mahambo, Mahanoro, Mahila, Maintinaro, Majunga, Ma-nanjary. Morandava, Morotsangana, Nossi-Vé. St. Mary, Tamatave, Tananarive, Vatomandry, Vohemar, New Caledonia and Dependencies, the French portion of the Low Archipelago and the French Estab-lishments in India and in Cochin China.

Germany (including Heligoland). German Colonies, viz.: Marshall Islands New Guinea (portion of) Samoa (Apia), Togo Territory, including Bageida, Little Popo, Lome, and Porto Seguro, and terri-tory in South West Africa, viz., Grand Namaqua, the Damaras Country, and Southern portion of Ovambo, Bagamoyo and Dar-es-Salaam, Lindi and Tanga, in East Africa,

ibraltar, (including the British Post Office at Tangier, Laraiche; Rabat; Cassablanca

Saffi ; Mazagan and Mogado.) Great Britain and Ireland.

British Colonies (in addition to those separately mentioned) of Antigua, Bahamas, Barbados, Bermudas, British Guiana, Bri-tish Honduras, British New Guinea, Ceylon, Dominica, Falkland Islands, Fiji Islands, Gambia, Gold Coast, Grenada and the Grenadines, Hong Kong, Labuan, Lagos, Mauritius and Dependencies (the Amirante Islands, the Seychelles and Rodriques), Montserrat, Nevis, Newfoundland, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Sierra Leone, Straits Settlements (Penang, Singapore and Malacca), Tobago, Tortola, Trini-dad and Turks Island.

British India, Hindostan and British Burmah, and the Indian Postal Establishments of Aden, Muscat, Persian Gulf,

Guadur and Mandalay.

Greece, including Ionian Islands. Grey Town.

Herzegovina Guatemala. Hawaii.

Honduras, Republic of (including Bay

LIST OF COUNTRIES, &C., COMPRISED IN THE UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION, continued,

hai, Cheefoo, Chin-King, Hankow, Ningpo Fouchow, Newyang, Kiukiang and Tientsin (China) and at Fusampo (Corea), Liberia.

Luxemburg Malta and its dependencies, i.e., Cozzo, Comino and Ciminotto.

Marquesas Islands.

Mexico.

Montenegro.

Natal

Netherlands.

Netherland Colonies of Dutch Guiana (Suri-nam), Curaçoa and Dependencies (viz: Bonaire, Aruba, the Netherland portion of on the Northern Coast of Africa and the St. Martin, St. Eustache and Saba), *Java, Madura, Sumatra, Celebes, *Borneo (except Northwest part) Billiton, Archipelagos of Banca and Riouw, Sunda Spanish Colonies of Cuba, Porto Rico, Fer-Islands (Bali, Lombok, Sumbawa, Floris and the Southwest part of Timor), the Archipelago of the Moluceas and the North- Sweden. west part of New Guiana (Papua).

New Guinea, German Territory of

New Zealand, Nicaragua. Norway.

Paraguay.

Patagonia. Persia, via Russia, and via Persian Gulf.

Peru.

Portugal, including Madeira and the Azores. Zanzibar.

Japan and Japanese Post Offices in Shang-, Portuguese Colonies of Goa and its Dependencies (Damao and Diu), Macao, Timor, Cape de Verd Islands and Dependencies (Bissao and Casheu), Ambrizetti, Islands of St. Thomas and Prince (in Africa), with the Establishment of Ajuda, Angola, Delagoa Bay and Mozambique. Roumania (Moldavia and Wallachia).

Russia, including Finland.

Salvador.

St. Pierre et Miquelon.

Servia. *Siam.

Republic of Andorra, and the Postal Establishments of Spain upon the Western

nando Po, Annobon and Dependencies. *Phillippine Islands and Marian Islands,

Switzerland,

Tahiti.

Turkey, European and Asiatic. United States of Colombia; Barranquilla, Bogota, Buenaventura, Carthagena, Colon. Panama, Porto Bello, Santa Martha, Savanilla.

United States of America.

Uruguay. Venezuela.

Prepayment of all classes of correspondence must be effected by means of Stamps.

Letters not specially directed by a particular route will be sent by the first mail despatched.

TO A PERSON COME TO COME A COME	THE THE ACTION STORY	COMPRESSED THE WITH	TESTETTE THE AT THE	OW A P PERFECUNE
BATES OF PUSTAGE	S TO PLAUES NOT	COMPRISED IN THE	UNIVERSAL POS	TAL UNION.

-		OR A		ON E NEV PAI			F				KET		
COUNTRIES NOT COMPRISED IN THE POSTAL UNION.	Not exceeding \$ oz.	Above 4 oz., not exceeding 1 oz.	For each additional half-ounce.	Not exceeding 4 ozs.	For each additional four ounces.	Registration Fee.	Not exceeding 1 oz.	Not exceeding 2 ozs.	Above 2 ozs., not exceeding 4 ozs.	Above 4 ozs., not exceeding 6 ozs.	Above 6 ozs., not exceeding 8 ozs.	For each additional 2 ozs.	For each additional
c. Abyssinia (in) c.a. Africa (West Coast Native Possessions) (in)	d. 5	d. 10	d. 5	d.	d. 1)	d. 4	d. 14	d.	d. 3	d.	d. 6	d. 14	d, 3
c. Arabia (in) Ascension Bechuanaland Protectorate	0.0.0.0	10 10 10	5 5 5	1½ 1½ 1½	15 15 15	4 4 4	14 14 14	14 14 14	3 3	44 44 44	6 6	14 14 14	333
Including—Kanye, Lake Ngami, Macloutsie, Ma- shonaland, Matabeleland Molepolole, Palachwe (Khamas Town), Sho- shong, Tati River, and Zambesi													
Cape Colony China c.a. Madagascar viâ Marseilles (except St. Mary, Tamatave and	5 5 5	10 10 10	5 5 5	11/2 11/2	15 15 15	4 4 .	14 14	14 14	3 3 3	45 45 45	6 6	15 15 16	3 3 3
Majunga c. viâ Mauritius c. Morocco (except Tangier, Laraiche, Rabat, Casa- blanca, Saffi, Mazagan and Mogador	5 5	10 10	5 5	14 14	11 12	4 .	11	14	3 3	41/41/4	6 6	11/2 11/2	3 3

The state of the s	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF			ME 175, MA	-		DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN		STATE OF THE PARTY.	THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE		The same of the	The second second
Orange Free State .	5	10	10	11	14	4	114	14	3	41	6	11	3
St. Helena .	5	10	10	21	14	4	112	11	3	44	6	11	3
c.a. Sarawak (in) .				-		4	14	14	3	44	6	14	3
c. Society Islands	1 :	3	2.		2	4	14	14	3	41	6	14	3
South African Republic	21/2	21	21	1	1	4	1	1	2	3	4	5	1
(Transvaal)	-							10000				1	

(c) denotes that payment is compulsory, it being in all other cases optional; (a) that an additional charge is made on delivery; (in) that the Registration is incomplete, not extending beyond Port of Arrival.

Prepayment of all classes of correspondence must be effected by means of Stamps.

INLAND POSTAGES. The following are the existing Regulations with respect to Inland Postage: -

Latters.			Prices Current	BOOK PACKETS.	PARCELS.	Parletantin		
For each Half-ounce or fractional part thereof.	Single.	Reply Paid.	each	each.	For each two ounces or fractional	For each two ounces or fractional part thereof.		
One-penny.	Half-penny.	One-penny.	Half-penny.	Half-penny.	Half-peuny.	One-penny	Four-pence.	

Letters, newspapers, prices current and book packets which are wholly unpaid will be liable to a surcharge equal to double the prepaid rate; and, if they be insufficiently prepaid, to a surcharge equal to double the deficiency.

Post cards which have been issued to the Post Office Department only are available for inland circulation. Any other card will be surcharged at the letter-rate of postage.

The postage on a parcel must be fully prepaid or it cannot be forwarded.

A book packet may not exceed 3 pounds in weight, nor 2 feet in length, nor 1 foot in width or depth, except it be intended for transmission by Mail Coach. (See note below.)

A Parcel may not exceed 8 ounces in weight, 2 feet in length nor 1 foot in width or depth, except it be intended for transmission by Mail Coach. (See note below.)

Newspapers, prices current, book packets and parcels must be posted without a cover, or in a cover open at the ends or sides so as to admit of the contents being easily withdrawn for examination. They must not contain any letter or communication of the nature of a letter, nor anything that may injure the officers of the Post Office or the contents of the mail bags.

If any letter or communication of the nature of a letter be found in a newspaper, prices current, book packet or parcel it will be withdrawn and surcharged at the wholly unpaid letter-rate of postage. If inseparable the whole packet will be liable to

the letter-rate of postage.

The following may, however, be transmitted by book post :-

OLD LETTERS which have apparently passed through the Post before and have

served their original purpose. COPIES OF LETTERS which do not bear a present date and which it is manifest are not serving the purpose of original letters.

LETTERS which are intended for publication in a newspaper or otherwise.

CIRCULARS, i.e. which, according to internal evidence, are being sent in identical terms to several persons and the whole or greater part of which is printed, engraved or lithographed. Such letters and circulars must not, however, be closed in any manner and must

be so put up as to admit of easy examination of their contents.

Any letter or other mail matter may be registered on pre-payment of the registration fee and postage.

Packets containing money, jewelry or other value, must be registered and must be prepaid at the letter-rate of postage.

Any Packet found to contain value, but not registered, will be liable to a surcharge

equal to double the registration fee, viz., eight-pence.

NOTE.—Parcels intended for transmission by Mail Coach, or which are addressed to places abroad, must not be put into the Letter Box, but must be handed to the Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF INLAND MAILS.

The mails from and to the country districts respectively are due at and despatched from the General Post Office as under :-

Due at. Depart. Due by. Depart by. 4 p.m. Northside } By Train. } Windward 9.53 a.m. 8.45 a.m. 4.27 p.m. Portland 9.5 a.m.

Mails are exchanged daily by each Passenger Train between Kingston, Linstead, Ewarton, Old Harbour, May Pen, Four Paths, Porus, Shooters Hill, Mile Gully and Balaclava. There are also daily mails between Kingston, Halfway-Tree, Gordon Town, and Cold Spring, and between Kingston and Up-Park Camp, and between Kingston and Port Royal.

The delivery of correspondence by letter carriers takes place daily from the General Post Office as under, viz: -9.15 a.m., 11.15 a.m., 3.15 p.m.

The mails are made up at the following hours :-

	Newspaper,	Registered	Ordinary	Late Letters.			
	Books, &c.	Letters.	Letters.	Id. Extra.	2d. Extra.		
Southside Mails Northside "	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		
Windward " via Bath Portland " via An- notto Bay	2.00	2.15	3.00	3,10	3.20		
Daily Mails to Port Roy- (2.00	2.15	3.00				

There are ten Street Letter Boxes at the following places, which are cleared as under:—

Letter Box.		For Fortnightly Packet Mails.		
1. North-st. and King-st. 2. Parade and King-st. 3. Harbour-st. and Princess-st	A.M. 8.25 8.35 8.45	A.M. 10.25 10.35 10.45	P.M. 12.40, 2.25 12.50, 2.35 1.00, 2.45	A.M. 10,25 10.35 10.45
4. Port Royal-st, and Luke-	8.50	10.50	1.05, 2.50	10.50
5. Victoria Market	8.55	10.55	1.10, 2.55	10.55
6. Camp Cross Road, Police {	8.00	9.50	12.20, 2.10	9.50
7. Allman Town, Prince of Wales-st, and Race	8.30	10.30	12.45, 2.35	10.30
8. Kingston Garden, Central ? Avenue and North-st.	8.35	10.35	12.50. 2,40	10.35
9. Rae Town, Elletson Road	8.15	10.15	12.35, 2.15	10.15
10. Park Lodge Hotel, Wind-	8,35	10.35	12.55, 2.35	10.35

N.B.—A special clearance of the Boxes, except Nos. 6, 7 and 8 is made on the morning of the closing of the Mail for U. S. America by the fortnightly Atlas S. S. Coy's, Steamer.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF DAILY MAILS FROM AND FOR KINGSTON.

Names.	Arrival from Kingston.	Distance in miles	Departure for Kingston
2,000	Hour.	from Kingston.	Hour,
Up-Park Camp Halfway-Tree Gordon Town Cold Spring Port Royal	A.M. P.M. P.M. 10.00 12.00 & 3.40 10.00 12.00 & 3.55 4.50 6.55 4.45	2 4 10 16 5	A.M., P.M., 9.30, 10.15, 12.15 & 2.25 9.15, 10.20, 12.20 & 2.00 8.25 6.20 8.5

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRI-WEEKLY MAILS FROM AND FOR KINGSTON, &C.

Names.	Distance of Miles from	Arrival from Ki	ngston.	Departure for Ki	eparture for Kingston		
rames.	Kingston.	Days.	Hour.	Days.	Hour		
NORTH-WESTERN TRUNK, POST OFFICES ON MAIN LINE. *Spanish Town *Linstead by Train *Ewarton Moneague Claremont	12 26 31 42 50	Tu. Th. Sat.	P.M. 6 0 8 30 9 45	Tu. Th. Sat.	A.M. 7 00 4 05 2 50		
Saint Ann's Bay .	60	***	11 30	Wed. Fri. Mon.	P.M. 12 45		
Laughlands Dry Harbour Rio Bueno Duncans Falmouth Little River Montego Bay	64 74 79 85 95 106 117	Wed, Fri, Mon,	A.M. 12 30 2 0 3 5 4 10 5 45 7 35 9 15	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	11 45 10 15 9 10 8 05 6 30 4 40 3 00		

^{*} See also page 167.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRI-	WEEKLY MAILS FROM	AND FOR KINGSTON, &C.
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Names.	Distance in Miles from	Arrival from Kin	gston.	Departure for Ki	ngstor
	Kingston.	Days.	Hour.	Days.	Hour
NORTH-WESTERN TRUNK, POST			- 0		
OFFICES ON MAIN LINE, contd.	***		A.M.	*** * ** * **	P.M.
Flint River .	131	Wed. Fri. Mon.		Wed. Fri, Mon.	
Luces .	142		P.M. 1 30		A.M. 10 30
Green Island .	154	"	5 5	"	6 30
BRANCH OFFICES.					-
Lluidas Vale via Ewarton .	39	2	A.M. 7 20		P.M. 2 40
Crofts Hill	45	*	9 15	"	12 45
Walkers' Wood via Moneague	49	11	7 0	11	4 (
Pedro via Claremont	56	11	6 45	21	5 (
TORK Castle	55	32	6 15	n	5 (
Ocho Rios via St. Ann's	67 76		1 35 3 30	"	8 20
Oracabessa Bay	84		5 10	"	6 40
Davis Town	67	"	7 0		4 6
Gayle 1	88	"	6 40		5 05
Guy's Hill via Re'reat Pear Tree Grove via Guy's Hill	96		8 45		3 (
Pear Tree Grove via Guy's Hill	103	0	11 10	**	12 30
Brown's Town)	81		4 15	31	7 1
Stewart Town (via Alexandria Dry Harbour	87 91	"	5 50 7 45	**	5 30
Alexandria Dry Harbour	99		10 10	21	1
Clark's Town	89		5 20	"	6 0
Jackson Town via Duncans	92	"	6 40	,,	4 4
Ulster Spring	103	"	9 40	10	1 4
Hampden via Falmouth	103	* 11	8 5	0	4 (
Adelphi Via Falmouth	110		10 10	11	1 48
Anchovy via Montego Bay .	123	,	P.M. 4 5	-11	A.M 8 (
SOUTH-WESTERN TRUNK,			Fal		
POST OFFICES ON MAIN LINE.	1	The second			
*Old Harbour) .	24	Tu. Th. Sat.	***	Tu. Th. Sat.	***
May Pen	33		***	-11	***
Four Paths Porus	37 47	11	6 50	"	***
Mandeville	59	"	9 0	"	3 4
Spur Tree .	66	"	10 40	,,	2 0
Santa Cruz	00	NY - 3 Th-1 AF	A.M.	Wad Wat Mr.	P.M
Tananta	80 86	Wed. Fri. Mon.	1 10 2 05	Wed. Fri. Mon.	9 58
Middle Quarters	90	11	2 45	11	9 10
Black River	99	"	4 10	"	7 40
Whitehouse .	114	"	6 40	11	5 20
Bluefields .	119	91	8 15	11	3 4
Savanna-la-Mar .	129		10 0	11	2 (
Grange Hill .	138	,,	P.M. 1 30	"	A.M 8 30
SOUTH-WESTERN TRUNK,	1	1			
Hayes)	41	1 100	6 10	100	P.M.
Alley	48	2	7 25	"	4 5
Salt River	57	"	10 5	"	2 10
via May Pen			-	1.00	A.M
Chapelton	45	,,	7 24		5 (P,M
Frankfield	57	,,	11 0	n	1 (
Milk River via Four Paths .	49	"	7 30	19	4

^{*} See also page 167.

Plantain Garden River

SOUTH-EASTERN TRUNK, BRANCH OFFICES, B. M. Valley | via Morant Bay

NORTH-EASTERN TRUNK, POST OFFICES ON MAIN LINE.

NORTH-EASTERN TRUNK, BRANCH OFFICES. Glengoffe via Stony Hill

Hampstead via Port Maria

via Annotto Bay

Manchioneal

Port Antonio

Trinityville

Halfway-Tree

Annotto Bay

St. Margaret's Bay

Stony Hill

Buff Bay Hope Bay

Richmond

Port Maria

Hagley Gap

Priestman's River

N.	Distance in Miles								
Names,	from Kingston,	Days.	Hour.	Days.	Hour				
SOUTH-WESTERN TRUNK, BRANCH OFFICES. *Shooter'sHill *Mile Gully Balaclava Newport Cross Keys Devon Maidstone Christiana via Shooter's Hill Pratville via Newport Watson's Hill Southfield Alligator Pond via Watson Hill Malvern via Santa Cruz Siloah via Lacovia Newmarket via Middle Quarters Bethel Town Chester Castle Ramble Copse via Chester Castle Little London Petersfield via Savla-Mar	56 64 75 66 74 71 71 65 76 73 83 80 90 98 100 111 114 117 120	Wed. Fri. Mon.	A.M. 6 0 7 41 9 58 7 20 9 50 10 10 9 10 10 20 6 45 9 20 8 50 9 0 4 40 7 7 10 7 50 P.M. 3 15 1 30	Wed. Fri. Mon.	F.M. 6 58 5 17 3 0 4 0 1 30 2 40 4 0 1 5 5 2 30 3 0 6 05 6 05 3 3 6 05 3 3 6 05 3 3 6 05 3 3 6 05 3 3 8 3 8 3 8 4 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5				
SOUTH-EASTERN TRUNK, POST OFFICES ON MAIN LINE. Bull Bay Saint David	10 19	Tu, Th. Sat.	4 10 6 0 7 53	". Tu. Th. Sat.	5 30 7 53 6 0				
Morant Bay .	31		10 22	"	3 31				
Port Morant .	38	"	11 51 A.M.	"	2 02				
Bath	45	Wed. Fri. Mon.		"	12 33 P.M.				

52

62

71

83

37

43

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9

30

40

50 55

18

39

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52

18

Wed, Fri. Mon. 11

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11

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Tu. Th. Sat.

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Wed. Fri. Mon. 10 55

4 18

2 30

A.M.

8 35

7 18

3 0

P.M.

7 30

5 45

32 5

39

0

0

0

0

2 49

5 23

7 33

9 53

6 42

8 30

P.M.

4 30

6 24

A.M. 1 30

4 55 6 40

7 45

0

10 5

11

11

33

Tu. Th. Sat.

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33

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93

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Wed. Fri. Mon.

^{*} See also Page 167.

DEPARTURE OF RETURN PACKET EXPRESS MAILS FROM EACH DISTRICT POST OFFICE FOR KINGSTON.

	FOR KIN		1
P	lames.	Day.	Hour.
	BUNK, POST OFFICES ON		
	IN LINE.	Tuesdam	0.45
Spanish Town Bog Walk	1	Tuesday	9 45 a.m. 9 35 "
Linstead	by Train	"	9 10 "
Swarton		"	8 55 "
Moneague	,	6.	4 05 "
Claremont	•	46	2 50 "
Saint Ann's Bay	•		12 45 p.m.
Laughlands	•	Monday	11 45 "
Dry Harbour Rio Bueno	•	16	10 15 " 9 10 "
Duncans	•	46	8 05 "
Falmouth		16	6 30 "
Little River		66	4 40 "
Montego Bay	•	66	3 00 "
Flint River	•	. 66	12 15 a.m.
Lucea Green Island	•	::	10 30 "
reen island	•	1 "	6 30 "
BRANC	H OFFICES.		1
Lluidas Vale via Ew	arton .	Monday	4 55 p.m.
Crofts Hill			
Walker's Wood via	Moneague .		5 0 4
Pedro	via Claremont	66	5 0 "
York Castle	,	46	5 0 " 9 35 "
Ocho Rios Salt Gut	via St. Ann's Bay	1 44	9 35 " 7 40 "
Oracabessa	VIR DL. Alli B Day .	46	6 00 "
Davis Town	' '	46	4 0 4
Gayle	1 9-14 G-4	44	4 05 "
Guy's Hill	via Salt Gut	**	2 00 "
Pear Tree Grove via	Guy's Hill		11 00 a.m.
Brown's Town			6 45 p.m.
Stewart Town Alexandria	via Dry Harbour		5 00 ⁻⁴ 3 00 ⁴
Cave Valley	1	46	12 30 "
Clark's Town	{	46	5 80
Jackson Town	via Duncans	66	4 00 "
Ulster Spring		66	1 00 "
Hampden	via Falmouth	66	3 05 "
Adelphi	,	44	1 00 "
Anchovy via Monte	go Bay .		1 00 "
SOUTH V	VEST TRUNK.	1	
	8 ON MAIN LINE.	1	i
Old Harbour)	Tuesday	9 00 a.m.
May Pen	١	**	8 55 **
Four Paths	By Train .	66	8 25 "
Porus Mandeville			0 00
Spur Tree			3 45 " 2 05 "
Santa Cruz	•	Monday	11 00 p.n.
Lacovia		III On Casy	9 55
Middle Quarters		**	9 10 "
Black River			7 45 "
Whitehouse		44	5 20 "
Bluefields		**	3 45 "
Savanna-la-Mar Grange Hill	•		200
arenge min			12 00 noon

DEPARTURE OF RETURN PACKET EXPRESS MAILS FROM EACH DISTRICT POST OFFICE FOR KINGSTON,

	FUR E	CINGSTON,	
	Names.	Day.	Hour.
SOUTH-WESTERN	TRUNK, BRANCH OFFICE	ES.	
Haves	I DRAMON OFFICE	Monday	6 15 p.m.
Alley	1	" "	5 0 "
Salt River	via May Pen		2 0 "
Chapelton		44	5 0 "
rankfield	A		1 0 "
Milk River via Fou	r Paths		4 0 "
hooter's Hill)		7 58 "
lile Gully		194	6 17 "
Balaclava	via Mandeville	The state of	4 0 "
Newport		***	6 0 "
Cross Keys	J	***	3 30 "
Devon	via Mile Gully	100	3 30 "
faidstone	The state of the s		3 0 "
Christiana via Sho		A 1.00	5 0 "
Pratville via Newp	ort .		3 0 "
Watson's Hill	via Spur Tree	0	5 45 "
outhfield	1	"	3 0 "
Alligator Pond via			9 90
Malvern via Santa	Cruz .		2 40
Siloah via Lacovia			2 0
Newmarket			0 00
Bethel Town			4 10
Chester Castle	> via Middle Quarters		0.00
Ramble			0 00
lopse	,		1 30 p.m.
Little London Petersfield	l nin Samuel le M		11 15 a.m.
Darliston	via Savanna-la-Mar		12 00 noon 9 00 a,m,
Bull Bay	AIN LINE.	Tuesday	3 49 "
Saint David			1 56 "
Morant Bay		. Monday	11 27 p.m.
Port Morant			9 00
Bath			0 20
Plantain Garden Ri	ver .		
Manchioneal			4 20
Priestman's River			2 20 " 12 0 noon
Port Antonio	the second of		12 0 noon
SOUTH-EASTERN T	RUNK, BRANCH OFFICE	s.	
B. M. Valley	via Morant Bay		5 18 p.m.
Trinityville		16	3 30 "
M.A	TRUNK, POST OFFICES O	No. of the Local Control of th	
Stony Hill	40	. Tuesday	3 8 a.m.
Annotto Bay		Monday	10 50 p.m.
Buff Bay	* 1		4 10
Hope Bay		3	0 20
	RUNK, BRANCH OFFICE		
Hengoffe via Stony Richmond	i i i		4 0 "
Port Maria	via Annotto Bay		4 0
	TOTAL TELEVISION TO A PROPERTY OF THE PARTY		7 0 "
Hampstead via Por	t marin		4 0 "
Hagley Gap Cold Spring		2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2 0
Fordon Town	*	. Tuesday	6 0 a.m. 8 5 "
Halfway-Tree			8 55 "
Up-Park Camp		3 6	9 10 "
Port Royal		0	8 0 "
and the last			0 0

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURE OF DAILY MAILS FROM AND FOR KINGSTON AND EACH INTERMEDIATE OFFICE ON BAILWAY LINE.

			Despatch.			Arrivals.	
Offices,		1st Train.	2nd Train.	3rd Train,	1st Train.	2nd Train.	3rd Train.
Down:		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Kingston to Balaclas	a-	m 00	2.10	0.00			The state of
Kingston		7.00	1.15	3.30	0.00	0.00	***
Spanish Town	2	7.25	2.10	4.10	8.30	3,00	5.15
Old Harbour		8.15	2.40	5.00	9.00	3.30	5.45
May Pen		8.55	3.25	5.40	9.20	3.50	6.05
Four Paths		8.25	3.00	5.35	9.40	4.10	6.25
Porus		9.20	3.50	***	10.05	4.35	6.50
Shooter's Hill		10.00	4.30	***	10.45	5.10	***
Mile Gully		10.35	4.45	***	11.25	6.00	***
Balaclava		***	***	***	11.45	6.15	***
Kingston to Ewarton	-						
Kingston		7.00	2.15	3.30	***	2000	
Spanish Town		7.25	2.10	4.10	8.30	3.00	5.15
Bog Walk		8.25	2.50	5.10	8.50	3.15	5.35
Linstead		8.20	2.45	5.05	9.00	3,30	5.50
Ewarton		***	***	***	9.15	3.40	6.05
UP:							
Balaclava to Kingsto	m-		0.00				
Balaclava		200	6.30	1.00	***	200	***
Mile Gully	(8)	122.0	6.45	1.15	***	8.00	2.30
Shooter's Hill		2552	7.20	1.50	***	8.05	2.35
Porus		5.45	8.00	2.30	****	8.45	3.15
Four Paths		6.10	8.25	3.00	7.00	9.40	4.10
May Pen		6.40	8.55	3.25	7.00	9.20	3.50
Old Harbour		6.50	9.00	3.35	7.40	10.00	4.25
Spanish Town Kingston		7.25	9.45	4.10	8.30 8.45	10.30	5.15
						1	
Ewarton to Kingston	-	0.90	8,55	2 00		State of the last	
Ewarton	*	6.30		3.20	7.30	0.55	4 00
Linstend		6.45	9.10	3.35		9.55	4.20
Bog Walk		7.10	9.35	4.00	7.40	10.00	4.30
Spanish Town		7.25	9.45	4.10	8.30	10.30	5.15
Kingston		***	***	***	8.45	11.00	5.30

The daily mails between Kingston, Halfway-Tree, Gordon Town and Cold Spring, between Kingston and Up-Park Camp and between Kingston and Port Royal, arrive at and depart from the General Post Office as under:—

Offices.	Due at G	. P. O.	Depart from G. P. O.			
Up-Park Camp .	. 10a.m., 11a.m.	1.15, 3 p.m.	9.20, 11.20 a.m.	3.15 p.m.		
Halfway-Tree .	. 10, 11 a.m.	1.15, 3 p.m.	9.20, 11.20 a.m.	3.15, 4 p.m.		
Gordon Town and Cold Spring	. 10 a.m.		3.15 p.m.			
Port Royal .	. 9.35 a.m.		3.15 p.m.			

The mails for transmission by the Mail Coach between Porus and Savanna-la-Mar and between Ewarton and Montego Bay are closed at the General Post Office on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 7 a.m., and are due at the General Post Office on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by the last train.

MONEY ORDERS.

Money Orders are issued at the head office, Kingston, and at the several Parochial Treasuries. Applications for Money Orders addressed either to the Postmaster for Jamaica or to a Parochial Treasurer are free of postage and registration fee.

The commission on Money Orders drawn on the United Kingdom areas under :-For any sum not exceeding £2 - 0s. 9d. Above £5 and not exceeding £7 - 2s. 3d. Above £2 and not exceeding £5 - 1s. 6d. Above £7 and not exceeding £10 - 3s. 0d. The commissions on Money Orders drawn on the United States and Canada are as

under :-

					Car	ada.	United	I States.
For an	y sun	n not e	xceeding	£2	1s.	Od.	Os.	9d.
Above	£2 a	nd not	exceeding	5	2	0	1	6
44	5	66	**	7	3	6	2	3
**	7	66		10	4	0	3	0

The rate of exchange of Money Orders between the United States, Canada and Jamaica is \$4 87c, to the £.

The commissions on Money Orders drawn on Barbados and British Guiana and

the Leeward Islands are as under :-

For any sum not exceeding £2 - 0s. 6d. | Above £5 and not exceeding £7 - 1s. 6d. | Above £2 and not exceeding £5 - 1s. 0d. | Above £7 and not exceeding £10 - 2s. 0d.

No single Order can be granted for more than ten pounds.

No application can be entertained for compensation for alleged injury from the nonpayment of a Money Order at the expected time. When a Money Order is applied for it must be on the clear understanding that no such claim will be allowed, and that the Post Office is not liable, under any circumstances, to more than one payment of a Money Order, even when, notwithstanding the precautions that are taken, the Order has been paid to a person not entitled to receive the money. Re-payment to the Remitter of a Money Order cannot be made until the Chief Office of the Paying Country has been communicated with; and applications for re-payment should be accompanied by a sum equal to the original commission on the Order.

An additional charge of 6d. is made for each Order issued on the day of the closing

of the mail for England and the United States.

A Through Money Order Exchange also exists between Jamaica and certain British Colonies and Foreign Countries via the United Kingdom. Such Through Money Orders are subject on payment to a deduction of a sum equal to one-third of the Commission collected at the Office of Issue. The full name and address of the Payee of a Through Money Order must be given to enable the Chief Money Order Office, London, to forward to the Payee a Money Order for the net amount payable, the Money Order issued to the Remitter being only of value as a receipt for the amount paid and should be retained by the Remitter.

INLAND POSTAL ORDERS.

The following are the Regulations relating to the issue and payment of Postal Orders within Jamaica-

1. Every Postal Order shall be for one of the following amounts, and in respect thereof the following commission shall be paid :-

Amount.	Commission.	Amount,	Commission.
	Half-penny	Two Shillings & Sixpence	Half-penny
	Half-penny	Five Shillings —	One-penny
	Half-penny	Ten Shillings —	Two-pence

^{2.} Postal-Orders will only be issued at a Post Office, and will be payable only at the Treasury, Kingston, or at any Parochial Treasury in the island.

3. Postal Orders will, however, be cashed by any District Postmaster or by any Assistant Collector of Taxes (subject to these Regulations) when their respective offices are open; and, provided, that they have sufficient funds for that purpose. They will also be accepted in payment of taxes or other public dues, whenever they have been filled up for payment at the Treasury of the parish in which such dues are being paid.

4. Before a Postmaster issues a Postal Order, the amount of the Order and the

4. Before a Postmaster issues a Postal Order, the amount of the Order and the Commission thereon shall be paid to him, and he shall sign the Order and stamp it with the Office-Dated-Stamp, specifying the day of the month in which the Order is

issued.

5. The amount of a Postal Order, and the commission thereon, must be paid to the Postmaster in cash. Postage stamps will not be accepted in payment for Postal Orders; but postage stamps may, however, be affixed to a Postal Order to an amount not exceeding five pence for the purpose of increasing to that extent the value of such Postal Order. Any stamps in excess of that amount which may be affixed to a Postal Order will not be redeemed by the Paying Officer.

6. Each Postal Order shall be printed on such paper and in such characters and with such distinctive marks, whether on the face of it or in the paper or otherwise and the amount of the commission shall be denominated by means of such stamp or mark as the Postmaster for Jamaica, under the authority of the Governor, shall

from time to time direct.

7. The blanks in a Postal Order for the name of the person entitled to the money (in these Regulations referred to as the Payee) and for the name of the Treasury

at which it is to be paid may be filled in before or after issue.

8. If the blanks are not filled in before issue the person to whom the order is issued must, before parting with it, fill in the name of the Payee and may fill in the name of the Treasury at which the amount is to be paid.

9. The Payee must sign the receipt at the foot of the Order, and must also fill in

the name of the Treasury if that has not already been done.

10. No alteration can be made in the name of the Payee or of the Treasury when

once filled in except by the direction of the Chief Treasurer.

11. When a Postal Order is presented for payment, otherwise than through a Banker, the Paying Officer shall require the receipt for the amount of the Order to be first signed and may refuse payment until he is satisfied that it is signed by or under the authority of the person appearing to be the Payee.

12. He may also if the receipt is not signed in his presence, take reasonable means to satisfy himself that the person presenting the Order is either the Payee or his

Agent.

13. He shall also require the person presenting the Order to sign his name on

the Order before its payment, although the receipt has already been signed.

14. Nevertheless the signature to the receipt shall, in all cases, be a sufficient authority to the Paying Officer for the payment of the amount of the Order if that signature purports to be the signature of the Payee, and it shall not be necessary to prove that the receipt was signed by or under the authority of the Payee.
15 A Postal Order may be crossed. It may be crossed generally by the addition

- 15 A Postal Order may be crossed. It may be crossed generally by the addition on its face of the words "and Company," or any abbreviation thereof, between two parallel tranverse lines thus: " & Co." or of two parallel transvere lines simply. It may be crossed specially by the addition on its face of the name of a Banker in which case the order shall be deemed to be crossed to that Banker.
 - 16. A Postal-Order which is crossed generally may also be crossed specially.

17. A Banker to whom a Postal Order is crossed may again cross it specially to another Banker as his Agent for collection.

18. Where a Postal Order is crossed generally, the Paying Officer may pay it to

any responsible person known to him, as well as through a Banker.

19. Where a Postal Order is crossed specially, the Paying Officer shall refuse to pay it except to the Banker to whom it is crossed or his Agent for collection.

20. Where a Postal Order is crossed specially to more than one Banker, except when crossed to an Agent for the purpose of collection, the Paying Officer shall refuse payment thereof.

21. If a Postal Order, which is crossed whether generally or specially, is presented by or through a Banker with the name of such Banker written or stamped upon the face thereof that name may be accepted as a sufficient receipt for the amount of the Order and the Order may be paid without any other receipt.

22. Provided that when the Order is crossed specially to a second Banker as Agent for collection the name of such second Banker written or stamped upon the face of

the Order may be accepted as a receipt under this Regulation.

23. An Order which is crossed generally or specially, if presented for payment by or through a Banker, may be paid at any Treasury in Jamaica notwithstanding that

the blank has been filled in with the name of some particular Treasury.

24. After the expiration of three months from the last day of the month in which any such Order is issued the Order shall be payable only on payment, in the manner for the time being directed by the Chief Treasurer, of a commission equal to the amount of the original commission with the addition (if more than three months have elapsed since the said expiration) of the amount of the original commission for any further period of three months which has so elapsed and for any portion of any such period of three months over and above any complete period.

25. A Postal Order will be payable during the hours for the time being appointed

for public business at the Office at which it is presented for payment.

26. If a Postal Order presented for payment has any erasure or alteration, or is cut, defaced or mutilated, the Paying Officer may refuse payment and refer the person presenting it to the Chief Treasurer.

27. Payment of a Postal Order may be refused or be delayed, but the Paying

Officer shall immediately report the cause thereof to the Chief Treasurer.

28. Upon paying a Postal Order the Paying Officer shall immediately place in the space provided for that purpose an impression of his Office Stamp specifying the date of payment, and thereby cancel the Order; but such cancellation must only be done at the several Treasuries. A Postal Order which may be cashed by a District Postmaster, an Assistant Collector of Taxes, or be received in payment of taxes or other public dues, shall not be so stamped by them or either of them as it will not be considered to have been paid until it has been presented, accepted, and dealt with, as before directed, at the Treasury at which it is made payable.

29. A Postal Order which has been cashed by a District Postmaster or by an Assistant Collector of Taxes must not be re-issued, but must be included in the first remittance of public revenue to the Treasury at which such Order has been made

payable.

30. District Postmasters and Assistant Collector of Taxes must, however, take care that all the Regulations herein laid down have been strictly complied with in the case of Orders which they cash or accept in payment of taxes or other public does

31. The payment of the amount of a Postal Order, to whomsoever made, shall discharge the Postmaster for Jamaica, the Chief Treasurer and their Officers from all liability whatsoever in respect of that Order notwithstanding any forgery, fraud, mistake or loss which may have been committed or have occurred in reference to such Order or to the procuring thereof or to the obtaining the payment thereof; and notwithstanding any disregard of these Regulations, and notwithstanding anything whatsoever.

PARCEL POST.

A Parcel Post Exchange between Jamaica and the United Kingdom; certain places via the United Kingdom; British Colonies in the West Indies; and the United States of America is now in operation.

Parcel Post business is transacted at the Head Office, Kingston, ("Blundel Hall") and at the District Post Offices in places called at by the Mail Coaches, the Coastal Steamer and Railway and such other offices as may be notified from time to time.

Parcel mails for the United Kingdom and British Colonies in the West Indies are made up in Kingston on every alternate Wednesday for despatch by the Royal Mail Contract Line of Steamers—parcels being received up to 12 o'clock on that day.

Parcel mails for the United States are closed for despatch by each direct oppor-

tunity from the Port of Kingston—the hour of closing being duly notified on each occasion.

The Parcel Post rates of postage to all places, as well as the limit of size and weight, and general conditions, will be found in the Table below.

The following are the most important special regulations and conditions to be observed with respect to parcels for the United Kingdom and British Colonies:—

The postage must in all cases be paid in advance, and by means of postage stamps, which must be affixed by the sender, and no parcel will be accepted for transmission

which is not sufficiently prepaid.

Each parcel must be plainly directed, such directions setting forth the name and full address of the person for whom the parcel is intended. It should bear the words "Parcel Post" in the upper left hand corner, and the name and address of the sender. The date of posting should also be added. A parcel must not be posted in a Letter Box but must be taken into a Post Office and presented at the counter to the Postmaster or person in charge.

A certificate of posting may be obtained, if desired, by the person posting a parcel

but no liability attaches to the Post Office in respect thereof.

Parcels will be liable to Customs duties and regulations, and the sender of each parcel will be required to make a Customs declaration furnishing—upon a special form provided for the purpose, which can be obtained at any Post Office—an accurate statement of the contents and value, the date of posting, and the sender's signature and place of abode. Customs duties will be collected before delivery.

No parcels containing dangerous articles, perishable articles, articles likely to injure other parcels, liquids unless securely packed in proper cases, or any contraband articles or substances will be accepted for transmission. A parcel must not contain another parcel or other postal packet intended for delivery to a person other than

the addressee of the first-named parcel.

If on examination of any parcel there shall be found in or with the same any paper or communication of the nature of a letter such paper or communication will be withdrawn therefrom, and will be forwarded to the addressee thereof; or, if it be not addressed, to the addresses of the parcel in or with which the same was found enclosed; and the said letter will be surcharged for delivery at the unpaid inland rate of postage.

Parcels containing articles of an aggregate value exceeding £50 will not be accepted

for transmission.

Parcels re-directed from one address to another will be surcharged a fresh postage

at the pre-paid rate.

If a parcel cannot be delivered as addressed or is refused the sender, if his address be given on the parcel, will be communicated with by the Post Office as to the manner in which the parcel shall be disposed of.

If returned or re-directed from one country to another the parcel will be charged

a full rate of postage.

Parcels which cannot be delivered will be kept for a reasonable time before being

finally disposed of.

Parcels should be securely and substantially packed and closed by the sender and in some cases seals may be found necessary. If wax is used it should be of the special quality which will withstand a hot climate.*

The following are the special Regulations which govern the exchange of parcels

with the United States of America :-

A declaration of contents and their value with the sender's signature and address, the date of mailing, and the place of address must be made on the authorised form and fixed to the parcel.

An acknowledgment that a parcel to a stated address had been posted will, if required, be given to the poster, but no liability attaches to the Post Office in respect

thereof.

Letters, postcards and written matter of the nature of personal correspondence must not be enclosed in a parcel.

If such be found the letter will be placed in the mails, if separable; and, if the

This rule does not apply to parcels for the U.S. which must not be closed against inspection in any manner whatever,—See page 172.

letter be inseparably attached, the whole package will be rejected. If, however, any such should inadvertantly be forwarded the country of destination will collect double rate of postage according to the Postal Union Convention.

A parcel may not contain any other parcel intended for delivery at an address other than that borne by the parcel itself. If such enclosed parcel be detected it must be

sent forward singly, charged with new and distinct Parcel Post rates.

Publications which violates the Copyright Laws of the country of destination; poisons and explosive or inflammable substances; fatty substances; liquids, and those which easily liquefy; confections and pastes; live or dead animals, except dead insects and reptiles, when theroughly dried; fruits and vegetables, and substances which exhale a bad odour; lottery tickets, lottery advertisements or lottery circulars; all obscene or immoral articles; articles which may, in any way, damage or destroy the mails or injure the persons handling them.

Each parcel must be so wrapped or enclosed as to permit its contents to be easily examined by any Postmaster or Customs Officer whose duty it may be to do so; and each parcel will be subject in the country of destination to all Customs duties and all Customs regulations in force in that country for the protection of its Customs

revenue.

A parcel may be registered on like conditions to those that govern the registration of other correspondence; or, on payment of the sum of two pence (or five cents) additional to the first charge, the sender can obtain a receipt for such parcel from the addressee.

Parcels must be so carefully packed as to be safely transmitted in the mails of either country, both in going to the Post Office of exchange of the country of origin, as well as to the office of address of the country of destination; and they must nor BE SEALED OR CLOSED AGAINST INSPECTION, that is, they must not be secured by means of wax, screws or nails, or in any manner which would not admit of their easy examination by the Customs Authorities in the United States.

The country of destination, may, at its option, levy and collect from the addressee, for inland service and delivery, a charge not exceeding two pence half-penny (or five cents) on each single parcel of whatever weight; and, if the weight exceed one pound, a charge equal to one half-penny (or one cent.) for each four ounces or frac-

tion thereof.

If a parcel cannot be delivered as addressed, or is refused, the sender will be so advised; and, if no action is taken by him within three months, the parcel may be sold for the benefit of whom it may concern.

Any request that a parcel may be re-addressed or returned must be accompanied

by the amount of postage at the original rate for its further pre-payment.

The Post Office Department of either of the contracting countries will not be responsible for the loss or damage of any package; and no indemnity can consequently be claimed by the sender or addressee in either country.

The following are the regulations and condition with respect to the Parcel Post

Exchange with Canada:-

A parcel may not exceed seven pounds in weight, two feet in length, and one foot in width or depth.

The postage on parcels must be prepaid by Postage Stamps.

All parcels will be subject to the Customs dues, laws and regulations in force in either country; and to each parcel must be affixed a "Customs declaration" containing an accurate statement of the contents and value thereof; the date of posting, and the sender's signature and address.

A parcel may not contain the following:-

I. A letter or the communication of the nature of personal correspondence.

II. Any other parcel intended for delivery at an address other than that borne by the parcel itself. If such enclosed parcel be detected it will be sent forward singly charged with new and distinct Parcel Post rates.

III. Any explosive, inflammable, or dangerous substance which may in any way damage or destroy other parcels or the mails or injure the persons handling them.

An undelivered parcel may be redirected to the sender in the country of origin on payment of a rate equal to that originally paid on it, such additional postage

may either be paid in the country from which the parcel is returned or be collected

from the sender on delivery.

Parcels which cannot be delivered to the persons to whom they are addressed, or the senders of which cannot be found, will be returned to the country of origin for disposal as undelivered, or "dead" matter.

The Post Office Department of either country will not be responsible for the

loss or damage of any parcel.

The parcels must be securely and substantially packed.

The exchange of parcels will be effected by means of steamers subsidized by the Canadian government and conveying mails directly between ports in Canada and Jamaica.

Parcels received at Jamaica from places over sea under the Parcel Post arrangements with the Imperial Post Office are, in terms of the Post Office Law Amendment Law, 1886, opened at the Head Office, Kingston, for the purpose of the amount of import duty on the contents being assessed.

After such assessment the parcels are delivered as under, and the amount of duty collected in the same manner as the postage on unpaid or insufficiently prepaid letter.

In Kingston if addressed to a place within the house delivery limit, by letter car-

rier; if beyond such limit, at the "Parcel Post Office, Blundell Hall."

In the country, across the Post Office counter; provided that such Post Office is a Mail Coach Office, an office on the line of Railway, or one at which the Coastal Steamer can deliver mails.

The amount of duty assessed on any such parcel must be paid before delivery, or before the delivery of the parcel from the custody of the Post Office; and, unless such duty be paid within fourteen days after the arrival of the parcel at the office of address the parcel will be liable to be sent to the Queen's Warehouse.

All complaints relating to Customs duty on parcels should be addressed to the Collector of Customs, Kingston, as the Post Office has not any control whatever in

the matter of duty.

PARCEL POST BETWEEN JAMAICA AND PLACES OVER SEA. TABLE OF POSTAGE, ETC.

Place of Destination.		xceedi Weight		or each lb.	200	Over 7 lbs. but not over 11 lbs.	r 3 lbs.	7 lbs.	Limit of Weight.	Remarks.
	lb.	lbs.	lbs.	For	Over but n 71bs.	Over but"	Over but n	Over but n	Lim	
*Aden (see India) Adrianople Adrica, West Coast of *Algeria *Annam Antigua *Argentine Republic	1/5 d. 1/2 d. 6d.	3/9 3/ 5/8 5/10		1/1¼d. 1/2¼d. 6d.	5/9				111bs. 7 11 7 7 11 7	Africa, West Coast of (including Bathurst, Cape Coast Castle, Sierra Leone, Quettah, Accra, Lagos).
*Ascension *Australia (see respective Colonies)— *Austria Hungary *Austrian Post Offices in Turkish Ports (B) *Azores Bahamas viâ United Kingdom Barbados *Belgium Belize (British Honduras) viâ United Kingdom Belize (direct) *Beyrout *Borneo (North)	1/11d. 1/31d. 6d. 1/11d. 6d.	2/81d. 3/7 3/9 2/41d.	4/2	1/14d. 1/24d. 6d. 1/14d. 6d.	4/2 5/ 5/3 : 3/10	5/11	8/1	12/	7 7 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	B. Austrian and French Post Offices in Turkish Ports (including Alexandretta Caifa, Candia, Canee, Cavalla, Dardanelles, Dedeagh, Durazzo, Gallipoli, Incholi, Jaffa, Keresun, Lagos, Latakia, Leros, Mersina, Mytllene, Prevesa, Retino, Rhodes, Salonica, Samsoun, San Giovanni-de-Medua, Santi Quaranta, Scio, Tenedos, Trebizond, Tripoli (Syria) Valona, Vathi).
*Bosnia *British Guiana *Bulgaria viâ Cologne *Bulgaria viâ Hamburg *Burmah (see India) *Cameroons *Canada—	6d.	3/4 3/9 4/5	4/9	6d.	5/3 5/3 5/10		8/3		7 11 7 7 11 7	
New Brunswick Nova Scotia Prince Edwards Islands and Province of Quebee Province of Ontario Manitoba and North West Territories	10d.			10d.					}7	

^{*} In each case marked thus * refer articles to specially prohibited.

Place of Destination.		exceedi weight		For each 1b. after.	2 lbs.	7 lbs	00 00	7 lbs.	t of ht.	Remarks,
	1b,	lbs.	lbs.	For e	Over but n 7 lbs.	Over but m	Over but no 7 Ibs.	Over 7 but not 11 lbs.	Limit	
olumbia (British) (see Canada) Cape of Good Hope (Cape Town) Out of Cape Town, including British Bechuana Land— Ceylon hili hina, (see Hong Kong)— Cochin China Colombia, Republic of Congo Free State Constantinople Corsica Corsica Corsica Cyprus Coanish West Indies Cemmark (including Faroe Islands) Diego Suarez (Iceland) Cominica (W.I.) Cutch East Indies Egypt aikland Island iji France (not including Corsica) French Guiana French Post Offices in Turkish Ports (see Bambia Germany	6d. 6d. 1/2id. 2/1	700	5/3 3/9	1/2åd. 1/5åd. 1/5åd. 11åd. 10d. 6d. 6d. 6d. 1/2åd. 1/2åd.			8/9 7/9	9/10 12/3 11/9 9/2 	11 11 17 7 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	O. Danish West Indies (including St. Thomas, St. John and St. Croix

		-	N. S. H. L.			.0070001				
Place of Destination.		exceedi Weight		For each lb.	Over 2 lbs. but not over 7 lbs.	Over 7 lbs. but not over 11 lbs.	Over 3 lbs. but not over 7 lbs.	Over 7 lbs. but not over 11 lbs.	Limit of Weight.	Remarks.
*Grenada *Guadaloupe *Heligoland *Herzegovina *Holland *Hong Kong and places viå Hong Kong (D) *India and places viå India *Italy (viå France) *Italy (viå Germany) *Janina *Java *Java *Jerusalem Labuan *Leeward Islands (see respective Colonies (G) *Little Popo (West Africa) *Luxemburg *Madeira viå Fortugal *Madeira viå France (see note) *Malta *Martinique *Mauritius and Dependencies *Mayotte Mexico Montserrat Morocco *Natal (including Echowe, Zululand) to all places other than Durban and the Point Natal (to Durban and the Point only) Nevis *New Caledonia	6d. 1/3åd. 1/5åd. 1/4åd. 1/1åd. 1/1åd. 6d. 1/2åd.	2/11 3/6 d. 3/9 3/7 3/9	3/4	1/4id. 1/4id.	4/5 5/3 5/3 5/11 5/3 5/10 3/10 4/10 8/2 5/10	5/11 6/1id.	6/11&d	8/9	1bs. 11 7 7 11 11 7 7 11 11 7 7 11 7 7 11 7	D. Hong Kong (including Amoy, Canton, Foochow, Hankow, Holhow, Macao, Ningpo, Shanghai, Swatow). Parcels will also be accepted at Sender's risk for other places in China. E. India (including Aden and Burmah; also following places on Persian Gulf and in Turkish Arabia, Baghdad, Bahrain, Bandar Abas Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga and Muscat). P. Italy (including Assab and Massawah). G. The Leeward Islands include Antigua, Dominica, Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitt's, Virgin Islands, which include Anegada, Tortola, Virgin Gorda, etc.

Not exceeding in Weight. Not exceeding in We	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
Newfoundland	Place of Destination.
Newfoundland New South Wales (including Norfolk Island) New Zealand North Borneo 1/2½d. 2/5 2/5 2/5 2/5 2/5 2/6 1/2½d. 3/9 5/10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	
*Portugal via France (see note) *Reunion *Reunion *St. Helena *St. Helena *St. Kitts *St. Lucia *St. Vincent (W.L) *St. Marie de Madagascar *Samoa (Apia) Sarawak S	*New South Wales (including Norfolk Island) *New Zealand *Norway North Borneo *Nossi-Bé *Novi Bazar *Orange Free State *Phillippopolis *Portugal (direct) *Portugal (direct) *Portugal viā France (see note) *Reunion *Roumania *St. Helena St. Kitts St. Lucia St. Lucia St. Lucia St. Kitts St. Lucia St. Marie de Madagascar *Samoa (Apia) *Sarawak Sarawak Sardinia Sicily Siam (Baugkok only) *Senegal *Servia viā Cologne *Smyrna *South Australia *Spain (see note) *Straits Settlements (H) (If for H. M. Ships on China Station charge

Place of Destination.	Not e	xceedi Weight	ng in	ch Ib.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	of ght.	Remarks.
	lb.	lbs.	lbs.	For each Ib. after.	Over 2 lbs. but not over 7 lbs.	Over 7 lbs. but not over 11 lbs.	Over 3 lbs. but not over 7 lbs.	Over 7 but not 11 lbs.	Limit of Weight.	Memarks.
•Sweden •Switzerland		2/41d. 2/81d.			4/7 4/2				lbs. 7 7	
Tahiti Tangiers Tasmania Tobago	1/1id. 6d.	3/6	7/0åd.	10id. 1/6 6d.			9/34d.		7 11 11 11	
Tonga (see Samoa) Tortola *Transvaal *Trinidad *Tunis	6d. 1/51d. 6d.		3/3	6d. 1/51d. 6d.	4/8				1i 7 7 7 7	
Turks Islands *Tonquin *Tripoli (Africa)	6d.	5/8 3/2	:	6d.	7/1 4/7				11 7 7	
*United States of America Uruguay :	6d.		*	6d.		:	:	9/6id.	11 11	
*Victoria (Australia)		3/6		1/9	*	(4)	-		11	
*Western Australia Windward Islands (see respective Colonies) (I		3/6		1/9			***	*	11	The Windward Islands include: Grenada. Grenadines. St. Lucia. St. Vincent.
Zanzibar	1/5id.	*		1/11d.			2.		11	

PARCEL POST, continued, DIMENSIONS,

CLASS I.

Greatest length 3 feet 6 inches. Greatest girth and length combined 6 feet.

For Great Britain and Ireland, British Colonies and Possessions generally (except Canada); for Foreign Countries (except as stated in Classes III. and IV.); and for the United States of America.

Greatest length 2 feet. Greatest depth or width 1 foot. For Canada.

CLASS III.

Greatest length 2 feet. Greatest length and girth combined 4 feet.

French Colonies and Possessions, Annam, Argentine Republic, Austrian and
French Postal Agencies in Turkey, Chili, Congo Free State, Italy, Maderia viä
France, Malta viä Italy, Portugal viä France, Spain, Tahiti.

Two feet in any direction.

Austria Hungary, Azores, Belgium, Bosnia, Bulgaria, Cameroons, Denmark, France, Germany, Greek Ports, Heligoland, Holland, Dutch East Indies, Luxemburg, Maderia viâ Portugal, Norway, Portugal (direct), Servia, Sweden, Switzerland.

GENERAL CONDITIONS. I.—PROHIBITED ARTICLES.

1.—LETTERS.

The transmission of any letter whatsoever, no matter to whom addressed, in parcels for the Continent of Europe, Austrian and French Post Offices in Turkish Ports, the Cameroons, the Cape of Good Hope, Republic of Colombia, Congo Free State, Costa Rica, Danish West Indies, Dutch East Indies, Egypt, French Colonies and Possessions, Natal, the Australian Colonies, Smyrna, Trinidad and Tunis, West Coast of Africa is strictly forbidden.

In Jamaica (except to places stated) if any letter or communication of the nature of personal correspondence be found in a parcel, and it can be separated therefrom, it will be forwarded to its destination surcharged at unpaid letter rates. But, if such letter, &c., can not be separated, the whole parcel will be liable to unpaid letter rates of postage.

Except that if a parcel addressed to any place in the United States of America be found to contain a communication of the nature of a letter it shall not be forwarded;

but will be held at sender's risk.

2-OTHER PARCELS OR POSTAL PACKETS.

A parcel must not contain another parcel or other postal packet, intended for delivery at an address other than that borne on the parcel itself.

3—DANGEROUS ARTICLES, &c.

A parcel may not contain any dangerous or perishable article, any article likely to injure another parcel, any liquid (unless securely packed in a proper case), nor any article specially prohibited from importation into a particular country or place. (See below).

II .- SPECIAL CONDITIONS.

ADEN.
(See India.)
ADRIANOPLE.
Letters.

AFRICA, WEST COAST OF. Nil.

ALGERIA.

Letters, counterfeit articles, foreign bronze coins, arms and ammunition of war, medicines (the components of which are not stated) parts of the vine, plants, fruits and fresh vegetables, gold or silver articles, jewellery, lace.

ANNAN.

Letters and articles of exceptional value.

ANTIGUA.
(See Leward Islands.)
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

Letters, articles of gold and silver, vine plants.

Bullion, Ostrich feathers, intoxicating liquors of all descriptions.

(See several Colonies under their respective names.)

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Letters, potatoes, pork, bacon, &c., foreign lottery tickets, plants with roots.

AUSTRIAN AND FRENCH POST OFFICES IN TURKISH PORTS.

(Including Alexandretto, Caifa, Candia, Canee, Cavalla, Dardanelles, Dedeagh, Durazzo, Gallipoli, Inéboli, Jaffa, Keresun, Lagos, Latakia, Leros, Mersina, Mytilene, Prevesa, Retino, Rhodes, Salonica, Samsoun, San Giovanni-de-Medua, Santi Quaranta, Scio, Tenedos, Trebizond, Tripoli (Syria), Valona, Vathi, Adrianople, Janina, Jerusalem and Phillippolis.)

Letters and articles of exceptional value.

AZORES.
(See Portugal.)
BAHAMAS.
Nil.
BARBADOS.
Nil.

Letters, plants, game, fresh-meat, airguns, poignards, bayonets, sword-sticks, pistols, and revolvers of small calibre.

(See British Honduras.)

BEYROUT.

Letters, fire-arms, tobacco, salt.

BORNEO.

(See North Borneo.)

BOSNIA.

Letters, potatoes, pork, bacon, foreign lottery tickets, plants.

Spirits, cigars or snuff, (in packages containing less than 5lbs. net weight) tobacco, (including cigarettes) opium, ganje, charas, bang, cannabis-indica, parts of dutiable articles except by permission of the Governor.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

NII. BULGARIA.

Letters, unpurified wax and paraffin candles, lottery-tickets, copper-money, arms and ammunition, unmanufactured tobacco, worn clothing, plants, grapes, flowers, vegetable, medicines and poisonous drugs unless addressed to Chemists.

BURMAH.
(See India.)
CAMEROONS.
Letters and liquids.

Reprints of Canadian copyright works, base or counterfeit coin, oleomargerine, butterine, and similar substitutes for butter.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE. (Including British Buchuana-land.)

Letters, specie, bullion, gold dust, nuggets, Ostrich feathers, fruit, plants, parts of plants, bulbs, and cuttings of trees, tobacco stalks, essences of tea, coffee, chicory, tobacco.

Arms and ammunition by way of merchandise, foreign reprints of British copyright works; false, base or counterfeit coin of the realm; parts sent separately of articles which are liable to Customs duty.

CHILL.

Letters, plants, arms and implements of war, articles injurious to health.

(See Hong Kong.)

Letters, gold, silver, jewelery.

COLOMBIA, REPUBLIC OF.

Letters, arms, ammunition. COSTA BICA.

Letters, arms, ammunition. CONGO-FREE STATE.

Letters.

CONSTANTINOPLE. Fire-arms, tobacco, salt.

(See France.)

Locust eggs, salt, silver and copper coins, tobacco, cigars, and snuff.

DANISH WEST INDIES.

(Including St. Thomas, St. John and St. Croix.)

Letters.

(See British Guiana.)

DENMARK.

Letters, foreign lottery tickets and prospectuses, imitations of money, notes, or bills, potatoes, almanacks, pork, bacon, &c.

Letters, gold, silver, jewelry, &c.

DUTCH EAST INDIES.

Letters.

(See Leeward Islands.)

EGYPT

Letters, arms (unless addressed to members of the British Army), materials for the composition of gunpowder, salt; le Hachich, books of the Mussulman religion.

FRANCE.

Letters, secret and forbidden arms, ammunition, articles infringing copyright and trade mark laws, game out of season, foreign bronze coin, tobacco unless addressed to the "Regie" or in limited quantities for the personal use of the addressee, essence of tobacco, playing cards, shrubs, young trees, parts of the vine, gold or silver articles, jewelry, lace, objects of art.

FRENCH POST OFFICES IN TURKISH PORTS.

Letters.

FRENCH GUIANA.

Letters.

GERMANY.

Letters, plants with roots, all parts of the vine plant, pork, bacon, sausages &c., books of a social democratic or socialistic tendency.

GIBRALTAR. Arms.

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

Foreign reprints of British registered copyright works; false money, counterfeit sterling and British silver coin below standard; indecent or obscene articles, inclusive of prints, photographs, &c., tobacco stalks; clocks, watches and metals generally, bearing imitations of British-assay mark or stamps; extracts, essences or concentration of coffee, chicory, tea, and tobacco may not be imported for home consumption. Tobacco (inclusive of cigars and snuff) in small packages such as could be contained in a postal parcel; but they will be admitted, provided they are bona fide

for the consumption of the addressee, or in small quantities for use as trade samples. Foreign or Colonial manufactures bearing the names, addresses or trade-marks of British manufactures, unless imported with their consent, are also restricted. There are also restrictions on spirits unless in bottle.

All customs prohibitions and restrictions apply equally to the importations from

any British colony or possession or Foreign country.

GREEK PORTS.

Letters, potatoes, plants or parts of plant and manure.

GRENADA.
Unmanufactured tobacco.

GUADELOUPE.

Letters, gold, silver, jewelry, &c.

HELIGOLAND. Pork, bacon, sausages.

HOLLAND.

Letters, fresh meat, pork, bacon, sausages, hides, &c.

HONG KONG.

(Including Amoy, Canton, Fouchow, Hankow, Hoihow, Macao, Ningpo, Shanghai, Swatow.)

Parcels will also be accepted but at Sender's risk for other places in China.

Opium.

Including Aden and Burmah, also the following places on the Persian Gulf and in Turkish Arabia; Bagdad, Bahrain, Bandar Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, and Muscat.)

Opium.

(Including Assab and Massawah.)

Letters, tobacco, sea salt, pork in any form, bacon, plants, or living parts of plants (except cut flowers and fruit from 1st November to 31st May), vegetable manure, game, from 1st January to 1st September, playing cards addressed to S. Marino, arms or chemical compounds without the express previous permission of the Italian authorities, fresh meat, parcels addressed to persons condemned to hard labour or to soldiers in military prisons.

Letters, opium, fire arms or parts of fire-arms.

JANINA. Letters.

JERUSALEM.

Letters.

Nil.

LEEWARD ISLANDS. Nil.

(See Cameroons.)

LUXEMBURGH (Grand Duchy of.)
Letters.

MADEIRA. (See Portugal.)

> MALTA. Nil.

MARTINIQUE. Letters.

MAURITIUS.

Letters, worn clothes, (if intended for sale) articles of gold or silver jewelry.

MAYOTTE, Letters.

MONTSERRAT. (See Leeward Islands.)

NATAL.

Letters, specie, bullion, gold dust, nuggets, Ostrich feathers, base or counterfeit coin, articles bearing imitations of British trade marks, fire-arms except by permission of the Government.

> NEVIS. (See Leeward Islands.)

> > NEW CALEDONIA. Letters.

NEWFOUNDLAND. Nil.

NEW SOUTH WALES, (Including Norfolk Island). Letters.

> NEW ZEALAND. Letters, vine cuttings.

> > NORWAY. Letters.

NORTH BORNEO. (The territory of the British North Borneo Company.)

Nil. NOSSI BE.

Letters, gold, silver, jewelry.

PHILLIPPOPOLIS. Letters.

PORTUGAL.

Letters, silver money, tobacco, parts of the vine (except grapes without leaves). plants and (vià France) articles of exceptional value.

> REUNION. Letters, gold, silver, jewelry.

BOUMANIA.

Letters, plants or parts of plants, except seeds and dried roots.

Bullion, Ostrich feathers, base coin, books infringing British copy-right, Cape brandy, Arrack, Bengal rum, Aqua-ardente.

ST. KITTS (See Leeward Islands.)

(See Windward Islands.)

ST. MARIE DE MADAGASCAR.

Letters. ST. VINCENT.

(See Windward Islands.)

SAMOA.

Letters, pork, bacon, sausages.

BARAWAK. Nil.

SARDINIA.

(See Italy.)

SENEGAL. Letters, gold, silver, jewelry.

SERVIA.

Letters, parts of the Vine. SICILY.

(See Italy.) SMYRNA.

Letters, fire-arms, tobacco, salt, plants, sword-sticks materials for the composition of gunpowder books unfavourable to the Ottoman Government.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA, Letters. SPAIN.

Letters, fire-arms and ammunition, air-guns, a reproduction of Spanish maps or plans, missals, breviaries, rosaries, relics, &c., plants, gold, silver, jewelry, &c.

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

(Malacca, Penang, Province Wellesley and Singapore.)

Parcels will also be accepted, at Sender's risk, for Johor, Perak, Selangor and Sungie, Ujong in the Malayan Peninsula.

Opium, spirits.

Letters, manufactured gold and silver not of a certain degree of fineness, drugs and arsenic, unless addressed to professional men, articles made abroad bearing Swedish marks.

SWITZERLAND,

Letters, alcohol, spirits of wine, (and via France) gold and silver articles, jewelry, objects of art.

TANGIERS.

Arms, ammunition, tobacco, pipes used for smoking opium.

TASMANIA. Letters. TOBAGO. Nil.

Letters, gold, silver, jewelry.

(See Leeward Islands.)

Letters, articles infringing British copyright or trade mark laws, cocoa parts of dutiable articles, rum, all other spirits except perfumed or medicinal spirits, tobacco, cigars, cigarillos or cigarettes, gunga, bhang, cannabisindica, opium.

Letters, arms and ammunition of war, nitrate of soda, saltpetre, sulphur, salt, tobacco, plants, parts of the vine, fruit, fresh vegetables, gold and silver articles, jewelry, lace.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Letters, post cards and written matter of the nature of personal correspondence.

(See Prohibitions.)

Publications which violate the copyright laws of the country of destination, poisons and explosive or inflammable substances, fatty substances, liquids and those which easily liquefy, confections and pastes, live or dead animals, except dead insects and reptiles when thoroughly dried; fruits and vegetables, and substances which exhale a bad odour, lottery tickets, lottery advertisements or lottery circulars, all obscene or immoral articles, articles which may in any way damage or destroy the mails or injure the persons handling them.

Letters, vine cuttings, opium, spirits (except perfumed or medicinal spirits),

tobacco.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

VICTORIA (AUSTRALIA).

Letters.

WINDWARD ISLANDS.

Nil. Except Grenada (which see).

ZANZIBAR.

Nil.

3.—TELEGRAPHS.

The last but most certainly not the least of the improvements which have been effected in connection with the postal service of the island is that of the establishment of a system of inland postal telegraph.

The idea of establishing communication by electric telegraph throughout the island appears to have been under the consideration of the Government since the year 1859, for on the 1st of November of that year we find the Governor, Sir Charles Darling,

referring to the matter in his speech to the Legislature in the following manner: "Although I am unable to announce that any of the enterprises to which your countenance and support have been afforded, either by way of pecuniary grant or legislative guarantee, have yet been commenced, I venture to recommend to your consideration as a public work, which would, I think, fall within the reach of our financial resources and prove of advantage to the interests of commerce, and the conduct of public affairs, while conducing to the protection and convenience of the inhabitants generally, the establishment of communication by electric telegraph between the harbours of Port Morant and Lucea, with the intermediate connection of the principal towns and shipping ports of the island. I will place you in possession of the information I have obtained as to the probable cost of the erection and maintenance of such an establishment.

"From data of this nature, in conjunction with your intimate knowledge of the circumstances and habits of all classes of the people, you will be enabled to judge how far such an undertaking will be justified in the present economic and social condition of the colony."

Both of the Legislative Bodies in reply to the above speech promised to give their

best attention to the work.

The proposal to transfer the Post Office to the colony, however, led to the abandonment of the scheme, for in a message from the Governor to the Assembly, dated 30th November, 1859, we find the following: "While the effect of the proposed transfer upon the public revenue is still unascertained the Governor does not consider it advisable to propose to the House of Assembly to sanction any expenditure for the pur-

pose of establishing such telegraphic communication."

Here the question appears to have been dropped; and while no doubt the advantages pointed out so forcibly by Sir Charles Darling to the Legislature have been fully recognized by successive Governments and the matter has received the fullest consideration, it was Sir Anthony Musgrave, at the instance of the late Mr. Frederic Sullivan, then Postmaster for Jamaica, who conferred upon the island the inestimable boon of a system of inland telegraph, of which the public generally have evinced a due appreciation.

On the 30th January, 1879, a law authorising the establishment of an inland telegraph system was passed. Under this law the Director of Public Works is entrusted with the erection and maintenance of the lines, while, following the example of the Imperial Government, the management of the department is vested in the Postmaster for Jamaica.

As soon as possible after the passing of the Act a School of Telegraphy was opened in Kingston under the Superintendent of Telegraphs. At this school as well as at the District Stations all the Telegraph Operators employed in the service have been trained.

The Telegraph Department is worked on the system which experience has proved to be successful in England, and which has been equally successful in Jamaica. Telegraphic communication was first established between Kingston and St. Ann's on the 20th of October, 1879, and the circuit of the island was completed on the 4th March, 1881. Stations have been established at the following places in addition to Kingston:—

May Pen

Chapelton

Spanish Town Bog Walk Linstead Gayle Retreat Ewarton Moneague Claremont St. Ann's Bay Dry Harbour Brown's Town Cave Valley Rio Bueno Stewart Town Ulster Spring Duncans Falmouth

Montego Bay Ramble Lucea Whitehouse Savanna-la-Mar Grange Hill Black River Middle Quarters Santa Cruz Malvern Mandeville Newport Shooter's Hill Christiana Mile Gully Balaclava Porus

Alley
Milk River
Salt River
Old Harbour
Yallahs
Morant Bay
Blue Mt. Valley
Trinity Ville
Port Morant
Bowden
Bath
Plantain Garden River
Manchioneal
Priestman's River
St. Margaret's Bay

Cold Spring
Hope Bay
Buff Bay
Annotto Bay
Port Maria
Oracabessa
Retreat
Gayle
Ocho Rios
Port Royal
Halfway-Tree
Stony Hill
Gordon Town
Port Antonio
Up-Park Camp.

The charge for telegrams throughout Jamaica is one shilling (1s.) for the first twenty words and threepence (3d.) for every additional five words, i.e., for every additional group of not more than five words, the names and addresses of the Sender and Receiver not being counted.

If the Addressee reside within one mile of the terminal office the telegram is delivered by messenger without any additional charge; but if beyond that limit the

following porterage fee must be prepaid :-

a. If the whole distance be under three miles at a charge of sixpence (6d.) per mile, counting from boundary of the free delivery.

b. If the distance be over three miles at a charge of one shilling (1s.) per mile, count-

ing from the office.

The charges for the transmission and for porterage of telegrams must be pre-paid by means of adhesive stamps which are procurable at each station, of which there are two denominations, viz., 1s. and 3d. Books containing twenty message forms, each form being embossed with a stamp of the face value of 1s., may also be purchased at the head station and other principal district stations at the rate of 20s. 3d. These books are prepared for use with carbonic ink paper, so that copies can be retained of the messages.

Persons resident at a place to which the Island Telegraph Line has not yet been

extended can benefit by its use on the following conditions:-

1. If the words "By Post" with the name of a telegraph station be written on a message it will be wired to such station and forwarded from thence to its postal

address by first post.

2. If a letter marked "On Post Office Telegraph Business" be sent by post to the Telegraph Clerk at any station the message enclosed will be promptly forwarded by wire from such station. In this case the letter by post must be registered and the cost of the message enclosed in telegraph stamps or coin.

3. No charge will be made in either case for postage or registration.

Under an arrangement with the West India and Panama Telegraph Company telegrams addressed to the United Kingdom or to any Foreign Place with which there is telegraphic communication are accepted at any Telegraph Station in Jamaica on payment of the inland rate, in addition to the amount charged by the Cable Company, which may be ascertained by application at each station; such payment must be made in cash.

Return messages from places abroad will be delivered as addressed, subject to the

charge for porterage, if any, and to any other claim for conveyance.

The office hours of the Telegraph Department are from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily—Sundays excepted.

LIMITS OF KINGSTON FOR HOUSE DELIVERY OF CORRESPONDENCE,

Commencing to the East up Paradise Street, Rae Town, to junction of Windward Road. Then West to South Camp Road; thence North to junction with North Street at G. J. DeCordova's (Devereux Park). West to Kingston Garden Bridge, through those Gardens, North, and Allman Town. Turning West across head of Race Course to Torrington Bridge. Down Orange Street to Drummond Street; thence through Hannah Town to Spanish Town Road, and so to the sea past Railway and Slaughter House.

OFFICES AND OFFICE HOURS.

The Circulation Branch of the General Post Office, Kingston, is maintained on the first floor of the old Court House in Harbour Street, the upper floor of which is now used as a Town Hall. Since the fire of the 11th December, 1882, the Control Branch and the Money Order Office, Mail Coach and Parcel Post Booking Offices are all maintained at the premises known as "Blundell Hall" in East Street.

The ordinary office hours of the Circulation Branch are from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.; but the office is open earlier and later should the arrival or departure of packet or

important ship mails render it necessary.

The Money Order Office is kept open from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. each working day.

Any information not furnished in this Paper may be obtained on application at
the General Post Office, the Officers of the Post Office Department being always ready
and willing to afford such information

Kingston—Port Royal
St. Andrew—
Bull Bay
Cold Spring
Gordon Town
Halfway-Tree
Stony Hill
Up-Park Camp

St. Thomas—

Bath

Blue Mtn. Valley

Morant Bay

Plan, Gar. River

Port Morant

Yallahs

Trinity Ville

Hagley Gap

Portland—
Buff Bay
Hope Bay
Port Antonio
Priestman's River
Manchioneal
St. Margaret's Bay

St, Mary—
Annotto Bay
Gayle
Guy's Hill
Hampstead
Oracabessa
Port Maria
Richmond
Retreat

St. Aun—
Alexandria
Brown's Town
Cave Valley
Claremont
Davis Town
Dry Harbour
Laughlands

DISTRICT POST OFFICES.

St. Ann, continued— Moneague Ocho Rios Pedro St. Ann's Bay York Castle Walker's Wood

Trelawny—
Clark's Town
Duncans
Falmouth
Hampden
Jackson Town
Rio Bueno
Ulster Spring
Stewart Town

St. James—
Adelphi
Anchovy
Little River
Montego Bay

Hanover—
Chester Castle
Copse
Flint River
Green Island
Lucea
Ramble

Westmoreland—
Bethel Town
Bluefields
Darliston
Grange Hill
Whitehouse
Little London
Petersfield
Savanna-la-Mar

St. Elizabeth— Balaclava Black River St. Elizabeth, continued— Lacovia Malvern Middle Quarters Newmarket Santa Cruz Siloah Southfield

Manchester—
Alligator Pond
Christiana
Cross Keys
Devon
Maidstone
Mandeville
Mile Gully
Newport
Porus
Pratville
Shooter's Hill
Spur Tree
Watson's Hill

Clarendon—
Alley
Chapelton
Croft's Hill
Four Paths
Frankfield
Hayes
May Pen
Milk River
Salt River

St. Catherine—
Bog Walk
Ewarton
Glengoffe
Linstead
Lluidas Vale
Old Harbour
Pear Tree Grove
Spanish Town

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Office.		Name of Holder.	Salary oth Emolu	er		Date of First Appointment to Public Service.
Destructor for Torreion		G. H. Pearce	£ 600	8.	d. 0	1st Feb., '60
Postmaster for Jamaica Chief Clerk	:	C. W. Tait T. H. McBayne	 300 250 250	0	0000	25th Oct., '66 1st May, '69 18th Aug., '67
First Class Clerks	1	F. G. M. Lynch D. G. Parsons P. C. Cunha C. W. Magnan	 250 210 200 200	0	0000	19th July,'74 30th Dec., '74 14th March, '74 1st June, '77
Second Class Clerks	1	W. J. Heath W. R. Thomas R. H. Fletcher E. Borough	 110 100 100 85	000	000	1st Jan., '78 1st June, '88 1st Feb., '90
Third Class Clerks	1	W. B. Mais C. G. Kerr	 80	0	0	

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, continued.

Office.	Name of Holder.	Salary othe Emolun	r		Date of First Appointment to Public Service.
Third Class Clerks Travelling Supervisor Telegraph Branch	J. A. G. Smith A. J. Morhman Vacant E. N. Marshall H. C. Wilson C. F. Duff	 80 80	s. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	d.00000000	lst Feb., '92 lst Feb., '92 lst Feb., '92 lst April, '72 lst April, '79 l6th Jan., '80 l6th Jan., '80

Note. In addition to the above there is a Subordinate Staff of Sorters and Letter-Carriers; and an Auxiliary Staff of Sorters is employed on Packet days to assort the Newspapers.

GOVERNMENT MEDICAL SERVICE.

For years the necessity of a Medical Service in Jamaica was pressed on the local Legislature and in opening the Session of 1852 Sir Charles Darling brought the subject prominently under their consideration. He stated that "the want of a sufficient number of Medical Practitioners was universally felt throughout the island by almost the entire body of inhabitants, whether high or low, rich or poor," and he strongly urged the Assembly "to make adequate provision" for such service. He assured them that "in some of the districts medical advice was not to be procured at all; in others only after a long delay and at a cost which virtually rendered it unattainable by the majority of the inhabitants," "The loss of life alone (and the consequent loss of labour) which annually resulted from this deficiency," added His Excellency, "was in itself a sufficient ground to justify any expenditure which it might be necessary to incur in placing the means of obtaining medical assistance within reach of the people generally." In the discussion of the question which ensued the honorable Mr. Westmorland stated that "the majority of the medical men were settled on the sea-boards, and those who lived in the country knew that for twenty to thirty miles no Doctor was to be found." Doctor Bowerbank assured the House that "the people died from preventable diseases for want of medical aid," and showed that "the whole amount then paid to the members of the medical profession in the different parishes amounted but to £2,300 per annum."

This state of things continued until the year 1868 when Sir John Grant made provision to the extent of £3,000 for medical aid, and appointed on the 1st December fifteen Medical Practitioners as Government Medical Officers at salaries ranging from £200 to £300 per annum, chargeable partly to the poor rates and partly to the general revenue. At the close of the year there were forty medical districts defined and thirty-five Medical Officers appointed thereto, five being then vacant as no eligi-

ble Medical Practitioners were available.

The Department thus organised was placed under a professional head designated the Superintending Medical Officer, who was also constituted the Adviser of the Go-

vernment upon medical and sanitary questions.

The duties of the Medical Officers are specified in the following rules which were framed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, for the guidance of candidates for employment, and which contain the principles on which the service is regulated :-

1. The Colony of Jamaica is divided, for medical purposes, into districts of varying extent and population, to each of which, as a general rule, is attached one Medical Officer, who is held responsible for the due discharge of all medical duties within his district.

2. The District Medical Officers, who must reside within the limits of their respective districts, are required, in the discharge of their public duties, to undertake the medical charge of the paupers on the parcehial rolls, and of any hospital, alms house or prison in their districts; to attend upon the Constabulary; to exercise a general control and superintendence over the Government Dispensaries of their districts; to vaccinate; and to advise the Government, and Parcehial Authorities on anesticus affecting the public health; and for such to advise the Government and Parochial Authorities on questions affecting the public health; and for such public duties no fees are receivable by them.

3. Medicines for the Public Service are supplied by the Government,

4. District Medical Officers are expected to provide themselves with a small case of surgical instruments of the best make.