HE Governor directs the publication, for general information, of the following Report on the Government Printing Office, for the year ended the 31st March last.

> By Command,

Neale Porter, Colonial Secretary.

Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Government Printing Office.
To The Hon. Coloniai Secretary.
Sir,-I have the honour to submit, for the information of His Excellency the Governor, the following: Report on the Government Printing Office for the twelve months ended 31st March, 1893 :-
2. The Staff was thus composed on 31st March last :-


Bindery.
1 Foreman
1 1st Class Binder
2 2nd Class do.
3 Asst Binder
1 Boy.

10

Storerer
1 storekeepe
1 Asst. do.
1 Labourer.
3

In addition to this there were 14 Apprentices distributed as found expedient in the several Departments. The numbers therefore, employed were 48 adults and 14 Apprentices, making a total of 62 .
3. The total number employed on the last day of the previous year was 55 . The increase is due to the taking on of Apprentices as suggested by the Commission of Enquiry and approved by His Excellency the Governor.
4. After twelve months' trial of the Apprenticeship System it has been found satisfactory. The boys are between the ages of 14 and 18 years. They have, as a rule, shown commendable industry and intelligence in learning the handicrafts in which they are employed and with one or two exceptions, bid fair to become good workmen and useful citizens. No premium is exacted but, on the contrary, a small weekly wage is paid, beginning at 5 s . and progressing by yearly increments to 12 s . per week, with a view to encourage the boys to persevere. At first, of course, an Apprentice does not give in labour value, much return for this outlay, but this is made up as he becomes proficient and in his last years of service he becomes useful and valuable to the Department. In return for this the boy is taught a trade or trades, is kept under surveillance and discipline and thus forms good habits and acquires a capacity for earning his living when the term of his indenture expires.
5. The work done by the Department for the Legislative Council was rather less than in the previous year, the business having been lighter, but this year the cost of printing Voters Lists and other General Election papers was debited to the Legislative Council in the accounts. The sum at the debit of this account is therefore larger by this amount.
6. The special work done beyond the routine work of the Office included the following:-

Index to Jamaica Laws
The Report upon the Census
The Railway Commission, Evidence and Report
The Jamaica Handbook also underwent considerable revision by the Editors.
7. The system of charging Departments, etc., with the value of the Stationery used by and the Printing and Book-binding done for them, has been in operation for the first time, during the whole of the period under review.
8. The figures in the following Table (A.) show a very large reduction in the amount of Printing and Bookbinding done, as compared with the previous twelve months, the reduction amounting to nearly 30 per cent, on the previous year's Return :-

Table A.-Quantity and Value of Printing and Bookbinding done for the Departments, etc., from 1st April, 1892, to 31st March, 1893.


* The sum at debit of the Colonial Secretariat includes the cost of all general Governmental work such as Departmental Reports, the Blue Book, the Handbook, the Appropria
pages with an issue of 1,400 copies weekly.

From 1st April, 1892, to 31st March, 1893.

9. I am unable to say whether this remarkable decrease is due entirely to economy. The Heads of Departments were authorised at the beginning of the year to obtain their printing from private local firms if this was found conducive to economy and I was at first of opinion that the reduction in my output was due to Heads of Departments availing themselves, to a considerable extent, of this permission.
10. I, however, requested the Hon. Colonial Secretary to make enquiries of the various Departments with a view to discover to what extent printing had been done for Departments by local private firms.
11. The results of these enquiries were kindly furnished to me by the Hon. Colonial Secretary and show that the value of printing done other than by this Office amounts only to $£ 1702 \mathrm{~s}$. 10 d . This deducted from the difference between the value of printing done for the Departments in 1891-92 and in $1892-93$, viz., $£ 2,50914 \mathrm{~s}$. 0 d . shows a net reduction in value of the work done of $£ 2,339.11 \mathrm{~s}$. 2 d ., which may fairly be ascribed to greater care and economy exercised by Departments.
12. The following Comparative List of the Departments in which the reduction is especially noticeable will be of interest:-


The total quantities and values of the work done during the two years are contrasted in the following. Table:-

| B. |  |  | 1891-92. | 1892-93. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Printed Forms ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 2,336 | 2,022 |
| Quantity of do. ... | ... | ... | 4,243,081 | 1,997,763 |
| Number of Printed and Plain Books | ... | ... | 26,862 | 34,017 |
| Number of Pamphlets ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 11,721 | 4,180 |
| Number of Printed and Plain Account Books Number of Circulars |  | $\cdots$ | 1,004 | 827 149 |
| Quantity of Circulars |  | $\ldots$ | 33,035 | 17,374 |
| Total Value | $\ldots$ | ... | £8,534 2s. 6 d . | £6,024 9s. $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$ d |

13. Stationery.-The value of Stationery supplied in the previous year was $£ 1,89213 \mathrm{~s}$. 3 d . The value supplied during the period under review was $£ 2,14419$ s. 6 d . showing an apparent increase of $£ 252$ 6 s .3 d . The increase is but apparent however, as the difference very nearly represents the proportion of profit added to the price, to cover working expenses. The figure in the previous year represented the actual landed cost only, no profit being added. The value of the Stationery supplied may therefore be taken to be the same as in the previous year.
14. Table C. shows the amounts paid for salaries and wages during the year, compared with similar expenditure in 1891-92. The saving effected upon this item is shown to be £273 1s. 0d. due to reduced output and to economy.

Table C.-Salaries and Wages.

|  | Departments. |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

15. Table D. shows the Expenditure for Miscellaneous Services compared with the previous year,

Table D.-Miscelianeous Expenditure.

16. This Table shows a saving of $£ 22910 \mathrm{~s} .8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. as compared with 1891-92. This saving has been effected principally in Repairs which have been very slight; Gas, owing to little or no night work being done and a smaller consumption in the Stereo-foundry ; Transport, due to reduced contract price for drayage, etc., and to reduced railway and freight charges on a smaller output; and Incidentals, due to general economy. On the other hand there is a new item of Expenditure this year in Fire Insurance, an amount of $£ 7818 \mathrm{~s}$. 4d. having been paid for premiums on Polices covering the Stock, Plant and Buildings to the extent of $£ 5,300$
17. Table E. shows the total Expenditure of the year compared with that of 1891-92.

Table E.-Total Expenditure.

18. The Table shows a total reduction of $£ 69510$ s. 8 d . as compared with the previous year. This saving is explained by the remarks under Tables C. and D.
19. Refunds.-The amount refunded to Cash for Postages, Carriage, etc., was $£ 25$ s. $\mathcal{J}_{4}^{3} \mathrm{~d}$.

Reimbursements in-Aid.-A total sum of $£ 4,22615 \mathrm{~s}$. $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. was collected from Departments and other sources and paid into the Treasurer's Account for the credit of Reimbursements-in-Aid, The following Table (F.) will show the sources whence these funds were derived : -

Table F.-Reimbursements-in-Aid.

| Total receipts for Stationery and Printing Gazette Subscriptions |  | ... | $\ldots$ | £4,045 | 13 | $8 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 46 | 18 | $7 \frac{1}{3}$ |
| Handbooks | ... - | ... |  | 117 | 7 | 4 |
| Maps | ... | ... |  | 81 | 11 | 6 |
| Empty Cases | ... |  |  | 2 | 11 | 3 |
| Fines | ... | ... | ... | 5 | 12 | 812 |
| Total amount paid into Treasury |  |  | ... | £4,226 | 15 | $1 \frac{1}{4}$ |

20. Table G. is a Statement of the Merchandise Account showing a gross profit of $£ 5,36211 \mathrm{~s} .9 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$.

Table G.

$\mathfrak{£ 1 1 , 9 7 0 \quad 1 2 \quad 4} 4$
21. Table H.-A Profit and Loss Account shows that after deducting all expenses, the Net Profit on the transactions of the year amounted to $£ 1,06815 \mathrm{~s}$. 2 d .

22. In examining the Merchandise Account it will be noticed that the stock shown to be on hand at the end of the fiscal year was very large, amounting to $£ 3,66413 \mathrm{~s} .10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$., including the stock of printed forms.
23. This stock is fully $£ 1,000$ more than there is need to hold, and its existence is due to my having ordered stock to meet an estimated demand based upon the experience of the previous year. But the falling off in the overturn of the Department to the extent of $£ 2,500$, as previously noted, of course caused the consumption of materials to decrease in a corresponding ratio.

My requisitions for Merchandise upon the Crown Agents, for the current year will, accordingly, be proportionately reduced.
24. Having received authority to value what may be called the Assets of the Government Printing Office, I have, after a careful valuation, and making every allowance for depreciation and wear and tear, opened Nominal Accounts with the following entries:-


[^0]> I have the honour to be,
> Sir,
> Your obedient Servant,

Jos. C. Ford,


[^0]:    25. It will be advisable in future years that Capital Account should be credited with interest and Plant and Buildings be charged with an annual percentage to meet wear and tear and deterioration, through a Depreciation Account.
    26. With the exception of the old dwelling house which does duty as a Warehouse and which is insecure, unsafe and inconvenient, I am glad to report the Buildings and the Type, Tools, Machinery and other Plant in excellent order. The stock, though large, consists of goods in constant demand and there is no reasonable probability of any loss from deterioration in the current year, during which it will be largely reduced.

    Respectfully submitting the foregoing,

